



arab news

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

Price List • Saudi Arabia 2 SR • Bahrain 1.50 Fils • Egypt 20 PT • India 5 R • Iraq 100 Fils • Jordan 100 Fils • Kuwait 150 Fils • Lebanon 1 L • N. Yemen 1.5 Y.R. • Oman 100 P • Pakistan 8 R • Qatar 2 QD • Syria 1 L • Sudan 20 PT • U.A.E. 2 D • Thailand 40 BHT

VOL. VII NO. 318

Please Contact:

Phones: 651-7902, 653-2868, P.O. Box: 222,

Jeddah, Telex: 401029.

SIXTEEN PAGES

CAMPS — COMPOUNDS — HOSPITALS — SCHOOLS.

CAMP MANAGEMENT

GENERAL MAINTENANCE.

ROLACO CATERING



Jordan, PLO reach common strategy



...AND THE RAINS CAME: Jeddah received its first winter showers Monday, quenching the thirst of the earth and bringing much relief to the people, following the long and humid summer. It was heavy in certain parts of the city, flooding the roads and creating puddles for children to play.

To restore union

Solidarity city strikes

WARSAW, Oct. 11 (Agencies) — All the Gdansk shipyards went on strike Monday to demand reinstatement of the banned Solidarity federation, members of a U.S. television crew said on return here from the Baltic port.

The strike began at 6:00 a.m. (0500 GMT) at the Lenin Shipyards, where the independent trade union federation was born two years ago, the newsmen said. People massed at the shipyard gates at 8:30 a.m. to hear strikers announce their demands: The reinstatement of Solidarity, release of its interned leader Lech Walesa and amnesty for all persons condemned under the state of siege.

According to reports which could not be independently confirmed, Bogdan Lis, a member of Solidarity's clandestine provisional coordinating committee, was inside the shipyards. The U.S. reporters said that all shipyards in the region joined the strike, to last eight hours Monday and eight hours again Tuesday. Police did not attempt to intervene to end the strike, the reports said.

The Polish press agency Interpress meanwhile said it could not contact its correspondent in the Baltic ports. Telephone operators said they were not authorized to put through calls to the three cities, which seemed to exclude the possibility that the cut in service was due to a breakdown.

The three daily airline flights from the capital to Gdansk had not been canceled. An international maritime economy fair, "Baltempo", was due to open in Gdansk Monday with 152 firms from 15 countries attending.

Callers who got through to Gdansk earlier Monday said service was apparently cut between 9:15 and 9:40 a.m.

Bavaria poll result jolts Kohl

BONN, Oct. 11 (R) — West Germany's political leaders Monday sized up the liberal Free Democratic (FDP) Party's crushing defeat in regional elections Sunday, and in particular its implications for the country's new center-right government.

Conservative Chancellor Helmut Kohl's FDP partners suffered their third successive failure in local elections, polling only 3.5 percent of the vote in the state of Bavaria and losing all their seats in the regional parliament. The result, described by FDP leader Hans-Dietrich Genscher as a heavy defeat, sparked speculation about the stability of the 11-day-old government coalition.

The right-wing Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU) met in Munich to discuss its victory Sunday and decide future policy, while Kohl's Christian Democrats (CDU) held talks in Bonn. The CSU — the Bavarian sister party of the Christian Democrats — retained its absolute majority in the state assembly with 58.3 percent of the vote, while the opposition Social Democrats (SPD) of former Chancellor Helmut Schmidt won 31.9 percent.

Genscher was expected to face stern criticism from his party presidium Monday morning. But it seemed unlikely he would make any announcement of his future within the

general strike call had been issued Sunday night in the Baltic port city. The TV team said posters and handbills calling for the strike could be seen all over the city, notably around the naval dockyards.

Gdansk, Gdynia and Szczecin were the center of strikes in the summer of 1980 which led to the creation of the independent trade union Solidarity. Solidarity was banned Friday by Poland's parliament.

The union's underground leadership called this weekend for a four-hour national protest strike Nov. 10, on the second anniversary of Solidarity's registration by the supreme court.

The Polish press agency Interpress meanwhile said it could not contact its correspondent in the Baltic ports. Telephone operators said they were not authorized to put through calls to the three cities, which seemed to exclude the possibility that the cut in service was due to a breakdown.

The three daily airline flights from the capital to Gdansk had not been canceled. An international maritime economy fair, "Baltempo", was due to open in Gdansk Monday with 152 firms from 15 countries attending.

Callers who got through to Gdansk earlier Monday said service was apparently cut between 9:15 and 9:40 a.m.

Bavaria poll result jolts Kohl

party. Political commentators said the defeat would stiffen the opposition of left-wing liberals to Genscher and could erode the loyalty of the center of the party.

The first signs of this trend came at the weekend when the Baden-Wuerttemberg FDP, regarded as a bastion of the liberal center, called on Genscher not to seek re-election as party leader. Diplomats said the move would come as a bombshell to Genscher, who has fought to assert his authority since deserting the Social Democrats last month after 13 years of cooperation and forming an alliance with the conservatives.

FDP floor leader Wolfgang Mischnick said in an interview with German radio Monday he thought there was no danger that the party would split up at its annual congress in Berlin next month. A few members might find that they could no longer work in the FDP and could decide to leave, but they would certainly not be in the majority, he added.

Commentators said that whatever Genscher's fate, it was almost certain the FDP congress would endorse the coalition with the conservatives. But the liberal leadership could face strong demands for a revision of the pact to include concessions on welfare cuts and other controversial issues.

Kuwaiti MPs ask cabinet to resign

KUWAIT, Oct. 11 (R) — Two Kuwaiti members of parliament said Monday that the government should accept responsibility for a multi-billion dollar stock market crisis and resign.

Jassim Al-Awni and Khalid Al-Sultan were speaking during the second day of a debate in the National Assembly on emergency government measures to resolve the crisis. Another member, Khalaf Al-Anizi, demanded Saturday when the debate began that Commerce Minister Jassim Al-Marzouk, whose ministry is responsible for share trading, should stand down.

AMMAN, Oct. 11 (Agencies) — King Hussein and Palestine Liberation Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat have worked out a joint strategy that will serve as the basis for seeking solution to the Palestinian problem, sources here said Monday.

The report came after Arafat met with the Jordanian monarch Sunday night in what is regarded as the most crucial talks the commando leader has held on the future of the Palestinians in his tour of Arab states.

Sources said the Jordanian monarch is expected to travel to Washington next month for talks with U.S. President Ronald Reagan and will report on the results of the PLO-Jordanian talks. They said the Jordanian and Palestinian delegations were intent on producing a peace formula to follow at the heels of Reagan's Middle East peace initiative announced two months ago.

Reagan's plan envisaged the granting of autonomy to the Palestinian inhabitants of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, in association with Jordan. It was rejected outright by the Israeli government of Prime Minister Menahem Begin which refuses to relinquish its right over these territories.

Arab press reports last week predicted Arafat would grant Hussein limited powers to negotiate the future of Israeli-occupied Arab lands on the PLO's behalf.

The United States has refused to recognize the PLO unless it recognizes Israel's right to exist in peace. The Palestinian delegation was beefed up to include two more members of the executive committee, the PLO's policy-making body, whose members are involved in negotiations with Jordanian officials. The new arrivals included Yasser Arafat Rabbo, a member of the pro-Moscow Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

This brought to eight the total of executive committee members involved in the talks with Jordanian officials. Arafat was criticized Sunday by Syrian Information Minister Ahmad Iskandar Ahmad for negotiating on behalf of the Palestinians without the collective vote of the 15-member council.

PLO sources said the joint Jordanian-PLO strategy would work out the principles of the two parties' cooperation in the diplomatic field within the framework of common accord. They said the formula would also serve as a basis for implementing the resolution adopted by Arab heads of state last month at the summit in Fez, Morocco.

Arafat said Jordan had agreed to the possibility of providing intensive training and weapons supplies for the PLA troops.

Arafat said he had discussed these proposals with King Hussein and received a favorable response. "The creation of this contingent in Jordan is a major proof that Palestinians and Jordanians are a single people," he

Swedes, Briton share Nobel medicine prize this year

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 11 (R) — Two Swedes and a Briton shared the 1982 Nobel medicine prize for biological discoveries about how the human body responds to illness and stress, the Karolinska Institute in Stockholm announced Monday.

Dr. Sune Bergstrom and Dr. Bengt Samuelsson, both closely connected with the awarding institute, and Dr. John Vane from the Wellcome Research Foundation in Kent, England, shared the \$200,000 international prize.

The institute citation said they were selected for their "discoveries concerning prostaglandins and related biologically active substances." The substances, which sometimes alleviate pain and sometimes cause it, formed part of a previously-unexplained human biological system, the institute said.

The award came as a surprise to medical academics outside the institute, as the three scientists made their most important advances in the 1950s and early 1960s. Cambridge University immunologist Cesar Milstein had been strongly tipped to take this year's Nobel award.

Dr. Bergstrom, born in Stockholm in 1916, is chairman of the board of the Stockholm-based Nobel Foundation, which administers the legacy of Swedish millionaire Alfred Nobel from which the prize money comes.

There are two main types of prostaglandins — endoperoxides and leukotrienes. Certain endoperoxides form naturally in the stomach, for example to prevent the tissue being damaged by hydrochloric acid. They are now commonly used to treat peptic ulcers as a result of the theoretical groundwork of this year's laureates.

The two Swedes are past winners of the Toronto University Gairdner Award, winners of which often go on to take the Nobel prize.

Prostaglandins are formed from fatty acids

in the body in response to illness or stress. They were first discovered by Swedish doctor Ulf Von Euler, winner of the Nobel medicine prize in 1970.

The institute said the main achievement of this year's winners was that they clarified how prostaglandins worked within a complicated body system, discovering which of them help the body and which drugs suppress their effects.

The prospect of lower interest rates boosted demand for shares on European stock markets. In London, the market index surged to a record 652.6 points in early trading, from 592.9 on Friday, while in Frankfurt the price of most shares also rose.

Speculation that the Fed was about to relax its stance spurred the New York Stock Exchange to its second busiest week in history last week, and the Dow Jones average of share prices closed at 920.87 Friday, its highest since June 1981.

CHANGE IN TELEPHONE NO.

Saudi-Bahraini Cement Company

is pleased to announce that with moving its head offices to Alfadil Building, the telephone number has been changed

from 8325366 to 8344500



GCC defense ministers stress unity for security

RIYADH, Oct. 11 (SPA) — The importance of unity among Gulf states was emphasized and three conclusions drawn by Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) defense ministers as they concluded their meetings here Monday.

The three important conclusions outlined briefly by GCC Secretary-General Abdullah Bishara were:

1) — Conviction and faith in security cooperation between GCC states;

2) — Persuasion on the part of all people in the Gulf that their security must be maintained as an indivisible whole; and

3) — Conviction by everybody that their security has to be ensured within the framework of a unified GCC strategy.

Bishara confirmed the position voiced Sunday by Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan who said that GCC ministers must exert more efforts and mobilize more potentials to "achieve more coordination and cooperation between member countries" of the GCC.

Prince Sultan insisted that "international conferences and treaties cannot deter aggression or safeguard rights unless we are capable of defending ourselves."

He said that by giving enough time for this process, the GCC states will reach a stage of maximum cooperation and coordination and be in a position to safeguard their independence and sovereignty and ensure the security and certainty of their nationals. They will be able to keep the area away from the dangers of international rivalries. More, they will constitute a bastion for the protection of Arab world, Islam and Islamic shrines.

In Bishara's statement Monday after a series of closed meetings, he confirmed Prince Sultan's exclamation that a number of events have occurred during the past nine months which threaten security within the region.

"The recent events (in Lebanon) that have proved to six Arab Gulf countries that there is no alternative but to rely on themselves," Bishara said. He said the conference blessed, the steps being taken for an intrinsic build up according to a unified strategy, a matter gain-

ing more and more importance owing to what happened in Lebanon.

Bishara added that Gulf security had now gone beyond the stage of arguments and discussions to the one of action, as a result of pressure from the area's nationals and the interest vested in the matter by GCC leaders.

The ministers held two long sessions Sunday to discuss ways to strengthen military cooperation among the council states. They held their first conference in Riyadh in January.

All defense minister of the council member states as well as Bishara, attended the deliberations. The council is made up of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Bahrain and Oman.

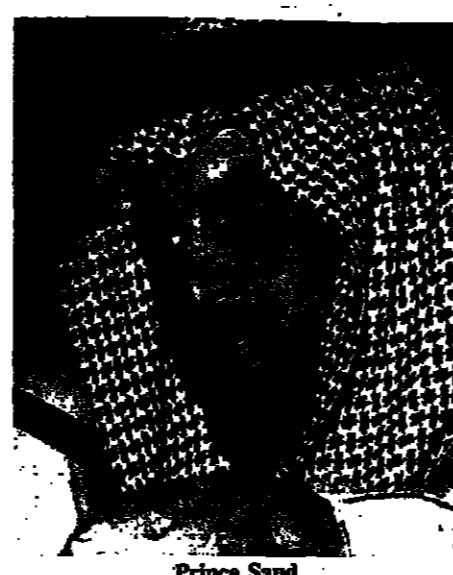
Earlier the ministers held the first session of their second meeting since the formation of the council in which Prince Sultan highlighted the importance of strengthening military cooperation among the council states. The first meeting of the GCC Defense Ministers was held in January in Riyadh.

Chiefs of staff of the council states also held a meeting Sunday to discuss issues referred to them by their defense ministers.

The council's Assistant Secretary-General Ibrahim Al-Subhi expressed satisfaction with the meeting's discussions which he describes as "positive". "The conference is being in a fraternal and cordial atmosphere," he said. Subhi also expressed confidence about the success of the meeting in reaching positive decisions and recommendations ensuring comprehensive cooperation and coordination among the council states in the field of defense and military affairs.

In an interview which took place during the meetings, Prince Sultan said there is no need to set up a separate joint Gulf force as Gulf states are homogeneous and consider their forces as a common unified force.

He told the Omani magazine *Gord Oman*, that since many years the military cooperation among the member states of the Gulf council states are also exchanging military know-how and making use of the existing military academies.



Prince Saud

Prince Saud in Morocco

RABAT, Oct. 11 (R) — Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saad Al-Faisal arrived in the eastern Moroccan city of Fez Sunday night with a message from King Fahd to King Hassan of Morocco, the Moroccan news agency said.

It gave no further details, but King Hassan sent a message to King Fahd a few days ago which informed sources said was related to the work of a seven-member commission set up at the Arab Summit in Fez last month.

Morocco and Saudi Arabia are members of the commission which was to inform the United States and other United Nations Security Council members of the Arab peace plan adopted at Fez.

Jubail Port Authority activities increasing

JUBAIL, Oct. 11 (SPA) — The Saudi Ports Authority has taken delivery of the first shipment of iron ore shipped for the Jubail Iron and Steel Company (Hadeed) through Jubail industrial port. The port authority

also received a number of sea craft necessary for improving the efficiency of Jubail industrial port and promote services to the industrial complexes in Jubail.

The Jubail industrial port continues to receive shipment of pre-manufactured parts for industries in Jubail. The port is being supplied with advanced equipment and fire fighting devices for handling chemical fertilizers, and methanol in preparation for the increased activity envisaged to begin later this month.

SR450,000 awarded in prizes Ahsa, Qatif farmers honored

AHSA, Oct. 11 (SPA) — Eighty farmers from Ahsa and Qatif were granted honorary certificates and cash prizes worth about SR450,000 here Sunday night. The event was the annual awards ceremony of the Ahsa Irrigation and Drainage Project Authority for distinguished farmers in agricultural production. The function was presided over by Ahsa Governor Prince Muhammad ibn Fahd ibn Jilwi.

Special prizes also were given to agricultural guides, technical guides and personnel involved in services to palm plantations. The authority had allocated SR100,000 for the prizes while companies engaged in agricultural development raised SR346,775. The annual event aims at encouraging farmers to improve their production.

Saleh Al-Sulaiman, Ahsa irrigation and drainage project authority director general, addressed the audience reviewing the authority's major projects and achievements for the year. He pointed out to a project for covering the main drainage channel at King Faisal district in Hofuf. Work on the 1.2 kilometer project will be completed within a month, he said, after having cost SR16 million. The authority also is covering some drainage channels in Qatif with a total length of three kilometers, he added.

A 16-kilometer irrigation ditch was com-

KAIA probes unified action

JEDDAH, Oct. 11 (SPA) — The unification of maintenance, operation and equipment contracts concerning King Abdul Aziz International Airport here, was considered Monday at a meeting that grouped representatives of the finance and planning ministries; the presidency of civil aviation and airports projects and KAIA Director Zuhair Farid Sindi.

Before the meeting started, delegates inspected the airport's various parts and facilities to see whether the idea was feasible. They are also thinking of unifying air traffic and some public utility contracts for the airport.

Sindi said that the air pilgrims' departure was proceeding smoothly, according to plan. Some 70 percent of all pilgrims that came from outside locations already left for home through the new airport.

pleted by the authority during the year, as well as the development of the old date factory in Ahsa where packaging has been automated, Sulaiman said. The authority is currently preparing the new date factory, built on an area of 90,000 square meters in Hofuf. The plant has been provided with several 9,000-ton freezers, an evaporation room, a storing facility, warehouses and administrative offices.

Sulaiman said the new factory will receive 15,000 tons of dates from various parts of the Kingdom. The authority's engineering department is preparing designs for three more date factories in Kharj, Qassim and Bisha. The first two factories will have a capacity of 10,000 tons while the third only 5,000 tons, he said.

Among other major projects is the authority's headquarters program commissioned earlier this year to a national company. Sulaiman said the project will cost SR50 million.

Meanwhile, agricultural guidance services by the authority were detailed by Ahmad Al-Qadeeb, head of the agricultural guidance department. Qadeeb commended the area's farmers for their efforts to improve and develop their farms.

SR145m deals signed for utilities

RIYADH, Oct. 11 (SPA) — Four contracts, worth more than SR145 million, were signed Monday for implementation and designing of public service facilities at the diplomatic enclave in Riyadh. The contracts were signed by Prince Sattam, deputy Riyadh governor and vice-chairman of the higher executive committee for the transfer of embassies and foreign ministry.

The major contract involves implementation of consultative coordination and a sand barriers for areas surrounding the diplomatic enclave. The cost of the contract is SR10.1 million. Nine schools and kindergartens will be built under the second contract, worth SR39.9 million, while the third, SR4.7 million contract provides for designing a social center. The last contract, worth SR1.1 million, calls for designing a fire brigade center.

The signing of the contracts was attended by Dr. Muhammad Abdul Aziz Al-Sheikh, the foreign ministry and embassies transfer project's bureau director general.

BRIEFS

Djibouti letter delivered

JEDDAH, (SPA) — King Fahd Monday received a letter from Djibouti's President Hassan Gouled, delivered by the country's Industry and Industrial Corporation Minister Fahmy Ahmed Al-Haj. The royal audience was attended by Crown Prince Abdullah, the first deputy premier and commander of the National Guard, Prince Saud Al-Faisal the foreign minister, and Djibouti's ambassador to the Kingdom.

Pilgrimage efforts praised

RIYADH, (SPA) — King Fahd has commended Youth Welfare Presidency efforts in serving pilgrims during this year's pilgrimage season. The King's appreciation was expressed in a cable received by Welfare Youth President Prince Faisal ibn Fahd. The presidency had organized its seventh camp in Makkah this year to contribute in serving pilgrims. The camp comprised scouts from private institutions and clubs.

Lebanese situation discussed

BEIRUT, (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian

Ambassador to Lebanon Ali Shae'r conferred with Lebanese President Amia Gemayel on bilateral relations and the current situation in Lebanon.

Bank loans total SR6 billion
RIYADH, (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian Agricultural Bank has loaned more than SR6 billion to date, mostly in medium-term loans to small farmers. *Saudi Business* reported Monday. The bank gave a major boost to agriculture in the Kingdom by extending loans to farmers amounting to SR2.5 billion in the financial year 1980-81. It quoted the bank's 17th annual report.

SR10m loan approved
RIYADH, (SPA) — The Islamic Development Bank (IDB) Monday approved an SR10 million loan for Tunisia to finance a foreign trade deal to import sulphur from Saudi Arabia. The loan agreement was signed by IDB President Dr. Ahmed Muhammad Ali and a Tunisian official. The bank gave a total of SR15 million to Tunisia this week to finance a number of foreign deals.

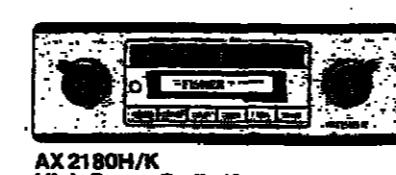
The Knock-Out Compacts

Fisher Car Stereos that Combine Compact Dimensions with Knock-Out Power

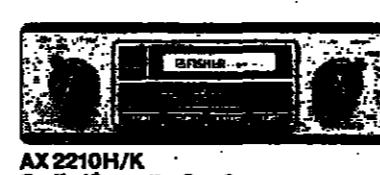
If you want plenty of stereo power for your car, but don't have room for plenty of stereo equipment, Fisher's got just the car stereos for you. Despite their extra-compact dimensions, Fisher car stereos deliver wallop outputs—38W from some models. So for extra punch, why not try a Fisher knock-out compact in your car?



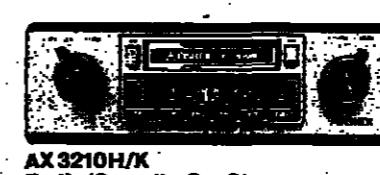
AX 7080(G)(W) High-Power Stereo Cassette Car Stereo
• 38W max. output power • Auto reverse function
• Choice of gold-colored (model G) or walnut-grain (model W) finish.



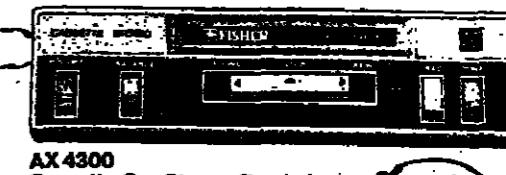
AX 2180H/K High-Power Radio/Cassette Car Stereo
• 38W max. output power • Auto stop function • MW/SW/SW1 (H) or MW/SW1/SW2/FM stereo (K) radio.



AX 2210H/K Radio/Cassette Car Stereo
• Auto reverse function • 15W max. output power • MW/SW/SW1 (H) or MW/SW1/SW2/FM stereo (K) radio • Pushbutton loudness control.



AX 3210H/K Radio/Cassette Car Stereo
• Auto reverse function • 15W max. output power • MW/SW/SW1 (H) or MW/SW1/SW2/FM stereo (K) radio • Locking fast forward and rewind buttons.



AX 4300 Cassette Car Stereo Recorder
• Hand-held mike provided for direct recording • 15W max. output power • Auto eject system.



FISHER

The first name in high fidelity

About Fisher
The Fisher story is a history of firsts. Credited with starting the industry in 1939, it developed the first AM/FM stereo receiver in 1959, and its founder, Avery Fisher, was permanently recognized in 1973 by the dedication of Avery Fisher Hall at New York City's famed Lincoln Center. Fisher today is as it has always been—the first name in high fidelity.

Now Fresh in
RIYADH

Nation Wide Bulk & Bags
ASTM & BSS OPC & SRC (TYPE I & V)
Effective 10th Sept 1982
Our Cement Company starts operation in Riyadh
For round the clock supply

RIYADH PALACE HOTEL
Invites you for the
FINEST BARBECUE
WEDNESDAY 13 OCTOBER Grand Prize
JVC VIDEO CAMERA Sponsored By Said El-Ajou EST.
FOR TABLE RESERVATION CALL TEL. NO. 405-4444 EXT. 144 & 156

Saudi Hotel Services Company

Riyadh gallery displays talents of local artists

By Omar Basadiq
Riyadh Bureau

RIYADH, Oct. 11 — The International Gallery, under the aegis of the Saudi Arts House here, is helping an increasing number of Saudi Arabian artists — the well-established and the up-coming ones — in the pursuit of their calling, by staging regular exhibitions at its Dhabab Road premises. It also maintains a handsome stock of almost all



Muhammad Mossa Al-Saleem
the artist's material and other paraphernalia pertaining to the profession, such as magazines (over 30 different titles), paints, brushes, machines and the like.

The paintings on exhibit now are the works of local artists, but there are also five pieces belonging to a well-known Italian artist, Carlo Baglioni.

Almost all the exhibits are in oil colors on canvas, with gilded aluminum frames. Most of them depict sceneries and landscapes, with one or two still lifes and a couple of portraits.

The local artists exhibiting include such famous names as the Abba-based assistant professor of the History of Islamic Arts and Fine Arts, Dr. Hassan Twafish, some of whose paintings are currently on a tour of

Europe. Other lesser-known artists on exhibit are Ali Al-Ruzaiza and Sameer Al-Daham. Though the two may not be household names, they have nonetheless made their mark on the Saudi Arabian and Gulf artistic scene.

The director of the gallery is the soft-spoken, slightly-built, 44-year-old Muhammad Mossa Al-Saleem, himself a full-fledged artist and a product of the Fine Arts Academy of Florence, Italy. He has many works to his credit, landscapes are his specialty.

But now Saleem does not do much painting, and, as he said, "Instead I'm now concentrating on designing and constructing monuments for the beautification of our cities."

The huge "Incense Burner" that is surrounded by the "Fountain of Seven Coffee Pots" that confronts the visitor on leaving Riyadh airport is his work, and he has prepared two more exquisite monuments for the city and, according to him, they have already been accepted by the authorities.

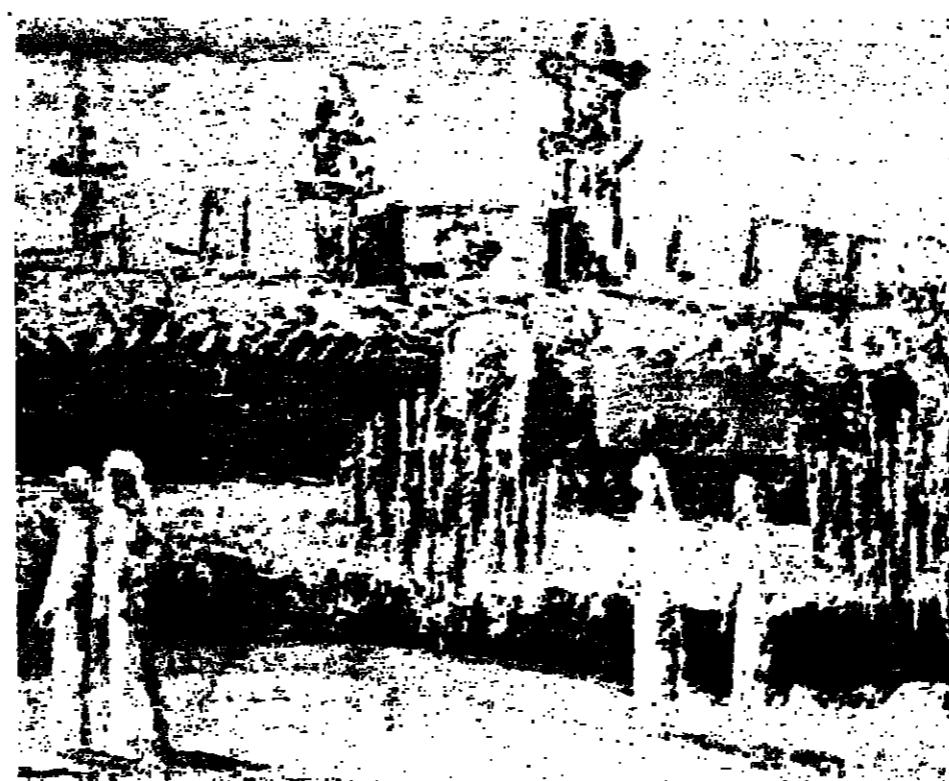
Reverting to the International Gallery, Saleem told *Arab News*, "Since the gallery opened two years ago, we have been organizing regular monthly exhibitions, collective as well as personal ones, and have endeavored to make available materials for all types of artists: painters, sculptors, calligraphers, engravers, potters and others."

Saleem said the majority of his clientele are Saudi Arabians and most of the paintings at the Gallery are bought by government ministries and other institutions to add decor to their offices and waiting-rooms.

On the state of art in the Kingdom, Saleem said, "Our esteemed government is boosting arts in general, and gives artists every conceivable facility to pursue his or her chosen field in the arts...not only within the Kingdom, but overseas as well."

For those who cannot afford the paintings themselves, and quite a few are highly-priced, post-card reproductions are made — in Italy for the sake of professionalism — and sold at SR1 each.

Saleem himself studied in Italy and has participated in many international exhibitions. In his office there is a special cupboard housing his numerous trophies, cups, shields, crests, medallions and other mementos.



WELL-KNOWN WORKS: These two paintings by Muhammad Mossa Al-Saleem have been reproduced on post cards. Riyadh's International Gallery opened two years ago and has been successful due to its policy of featuring the work of Saudi Arabian artists. Saleem, who directs the gallery, himself studied in Italy and has participated in many international exhibitions.

Desalination plant link-up Pipeline contracts awarded

JEDDAH, Oct. 11 (SPA) — Two contracts for the import and installing of pipelines to carry water from Shuaiba area, south of Jeddah, to Makkah and Taif were signed here by Agriculture and Water Minister Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh. The contract for installing the pipes was awarded to a national company.

The pipelines will carry 25 million gallons of water daily to Makkah and 15 million gallons to Taif and Hada from a desalination plant in Shuaiba, which will produce 40 million gallons a day. A main pipe will extend from the desalination plant to Arafat with a total length of 95 kilometers to accumulate water at a distribution reservoir.

UNICEF cooperation is ensured

RIYADH, Oct. 11 (SPA) — A cooperation agreement signed in New York Friday between Habib Chatti, the secretary general of the 43-nation Jeddah-based Organization of the Islamic Conference and the United Nations International Children Emergency Fund (UNICEF) is a historical event and will prove its efficiency in the years to come, a senior UNICEF official said Monday.

The official, Sabab Hashem Allawi, who represents UNICEF in Saudi Arabia, said that the vista of cooperation between the

A 41-kilometer pipeline will carry water to Taif, bringing the total length of pipes to 231 kilometers, the minister said. The contracts also provide for building four pumping stations and eight large tanks of which four will be located in Arafat. A 13-kilometer tunnel will be dug into the mountains to extend pipes to Hada, Al-Sheikh added. Necessary housing units for technicians who operate the pumping stations will also be built under the contracts.

The project, which serves Makkah residents, pilgrims and the resort of Taif, is an outcome of King Fahd's instructions for implementing the programs as soon as possible, the minister said.

two bodies are extremely wide in areas like mother and child care, the implementation of projects in countries that need them, and the exchange of information.

Allawi said the UNICEF was already engaged in a larger number of mother and child welfare projects in Islamic countries, in cooperation with their respective authorities. These projects include the Society Development Program in Oman, the Basic Services Project in Mauritania; a health, water and education project in Somalia.

Dhahran drive to assist AUB

By Jean Grant
Alkhobar Bureau

DHAHRAN, Oct. 11 — Graduates of the American University of Beirut (AUB) met last weekend at Dhahran Oil Exhibit Theater to map out plans for a fund-raising campaign on behalf of their alma mater.

A small but spirited audience heard appeals for assistance to the war-plagued institution and its affiliated hospital from Dr. Afif Abdul Wahab of the Ashraq Hospital and Mr. Kamal Najjar. Both men offered to accept checks in Lebanese pounds or U.S. dollars, made payable to the American University of Beirut. Dr. Abdul Wahab's address is Ashraq Hospital, Dhahran Airport P.O. Box 124; Mr. Najjar's address is Aramco Box No. 1974.

TV program committee examines proposals

ABU DHABI, Oct. 11 (SPA) — The Gulf Television Authority's programs committee opened its ninth session here by examining a progress report on its activities and follow up its previous resolutions and recommendations. The ministers last met in Doha, Qatar, in May this year.

Saudi associations prepare for Asian games

RIYADH, Oct. 11 (SPA) — Prince Fahd ibn Sultan, chairman of the Saudi Arabian Olympic committee and the Kingdom's mission to the Asian games to be held in India

next month, presided over a meeting here Sunday evening to discuss preparations by participant sports associations for the upcoming games.

Why do you need an intercom system?

Do you know that 70% of all communication in your office is INTERNAL? Better communication within your office and easy — instant — access to your colleagues will not only save time — it would increase productivity, and profit.

Saudi Ericsson offers ERICOM — an intercom system that supplements your existing telephone system and leaves it free for incoming calls. Incoming calls mean income.

- Imagine having both hands free to write and look at files while carrying on the conversation.
- Imagine paging any employee you immediately require when he is away from his desk.
- Imagine knowing exactly who is calling you before you accept the call.
- Imagine saving money and time you never could — without ERICOM.



Korean can fly you there faster than any other airline.

Total 63 flights a week from Korea to Japan.

Korean can now fly you 11 times a week from Saudi Arabia to Seoul faster than any other airline. We've even got 8 direct flights a week in the most advanced plane in the air... the wide-bodied Jets.

From Seoul you can catch convenient connecting flights to all the major centres in the Far East, including six cities in Japan.

In First Class on all our 747 flights you can stretch out in one of our new, all-leather Dreamerette seats, which recline to an ultra-comfortable 60 degrees. Perfect for sleeping. And we don't charge extra for them like some other airlines.

Fly Korean the next time you're travelling to the Far East. We'll take you there faster than anyone else and treat you as an honored guest all the way.

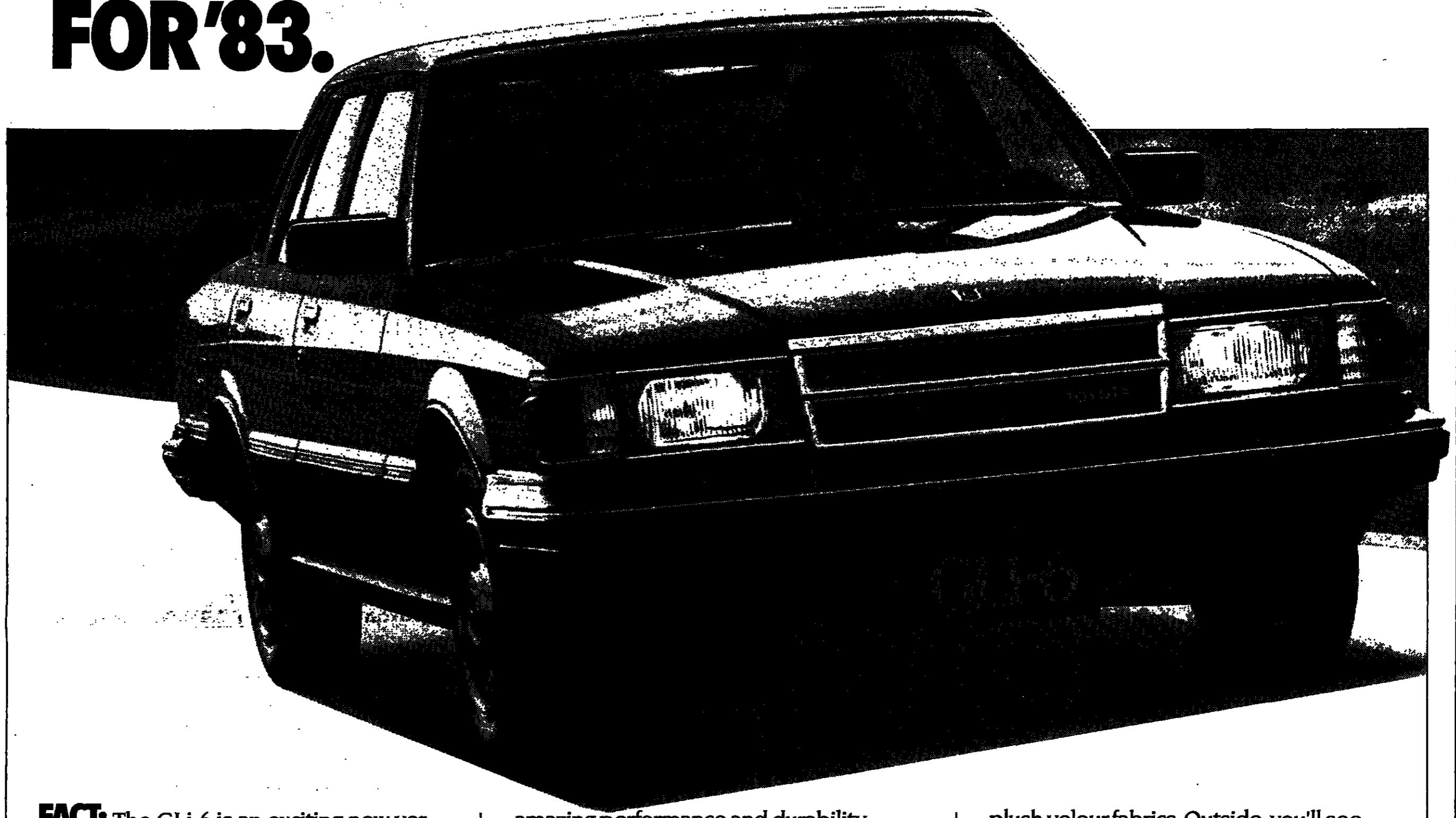


KOREAN AIR LINES
We treat you as an honored guest.

*Korean Air Lines is operating to/from the Kingdom jointly with Saudia. Call your travel agent or Korean on Jeddah 6443440/6426354, Dhahran 8645233, or Riyadh 4786160.

SOLID GOLD FACTS

FACT: "GLi-6" MEANS GRAND LUXURY, FUEL INJECTION AND SIX CYLINDERS. INTRODUCING A NEW CRESSIDA FOR '83.

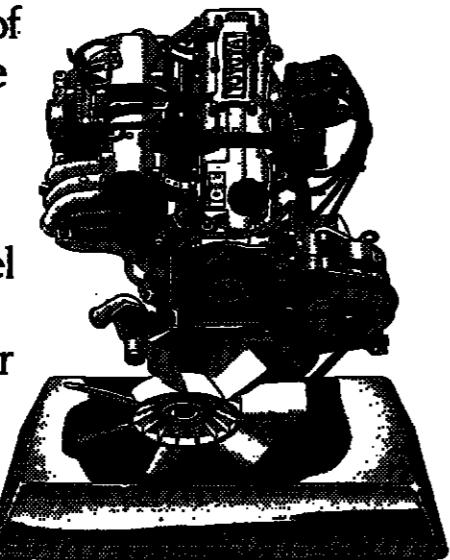


FACT: The GLi-6 is an exciting new version of the best-selling Toyota car in the Kingdom — Cressida.

Toyota advanced engineering gives the GLi-6 more of everything that makes every Cressida worth its weight in gold.

FACT: An advanced-design six-cylinder engine means new power.

This is the engine of tomorrow, available today. It has six cylinders for incredible smoothness... EFI — electronic fuel injection — computer-controlled for precise operation under all conditions... and it's built with special alloys for light weight that means



amazing performance and durability.

FACT: All the comfort and convenience you want can be yours in the GLi-6.

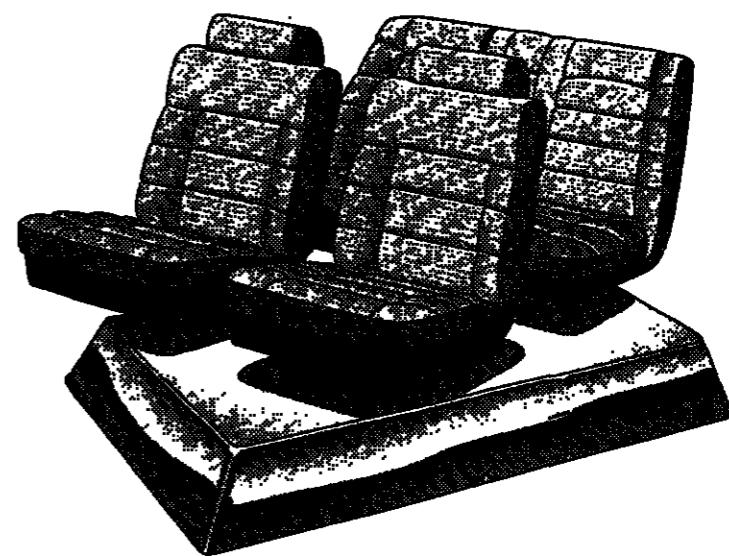
You can choose Toyota's exclusive 4-speed overdrive automatic transmission for effortless city driving. You can also get "cruise control" for serene highway travel. And of course, there's air conditioning, power windows, and complete stereo sound systems.

FACT: Everywhere you look, you'll see luxury in the new GLi-6.

Inside, you'll find refined Cressida comfort, upholstered in luxurious "colour-coordinated"



plush velour fabrics. Outside, you'll see unique "bronze" tinted windows, new colors, including optional two-tone schemes, and at the back... a special



badge that says it all — "GLi-6". See the new GLi-6 and all the new 1983 Cressidas today. You'll see what luxury and value really mean.

TOYOTA

ABDUL LATIF JAMEEL COMPANY LTD
SOLE TOYOTA DISTRIBUTOR IN SAUDI ARABIA



TOYOTA WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

 YOKOHAMA

arab news

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHED BY SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

Publishers HISHAM ALI HAFIZ
MUHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ
Asst. to Publishers ABDULLAH AL-JIFRI
Editor-in-Chief KHALED A. AL-MAEENA
Managing Editor FAROUK M. LUQMAN
General Manager SAUD ALI HAFIZ

HEADQUARTERS: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4556
TEL: 0534229 0534223 0532723 0532295 0532291
CABLE: MARADNEWS TEL: 015170 ARABNEWS SJ JEDDAH

Riyadh Bureau: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAJHI BUILDING NO. 2 4th FLOOR,
APT 210 P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 403672 4030460

CABLE: ARABNEWS TEL: 0101660 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION BUREAU: ABDULLAH FOUD CENTER ABDU AZIZ STREET
10TH FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-YAHAR TEL: 3645674 3645291

GULF REGIONAL BUREAU: BAHRAIN TOWER BUILDING
TEL: 032228 TEL: 9496 ARABNEWS TEL: 0152534 ARABNEWS P.O. BOX 20534

CAIRO BUREAU: EGYPT 31 JAZIRAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINAT
AL-AZHAR, CAIRO TEL: 815121 850121

Khartoum Bureau: SUDAN, AL TAKH BUILDING 4TBARA STREET,
TEL: 71707 71782 P.O. BOX 1500 KHARTOUM 1900

TUNIS OFFICE: TEL: 356611

SANAA OFFICE: YEMEN ARAB REPUBLIC, HADHA ST. AL-S AL TAYSEER BLDG
P.O. BOX 1098 TEL: 017636 307636 TELE: 2342 LAHOM YE

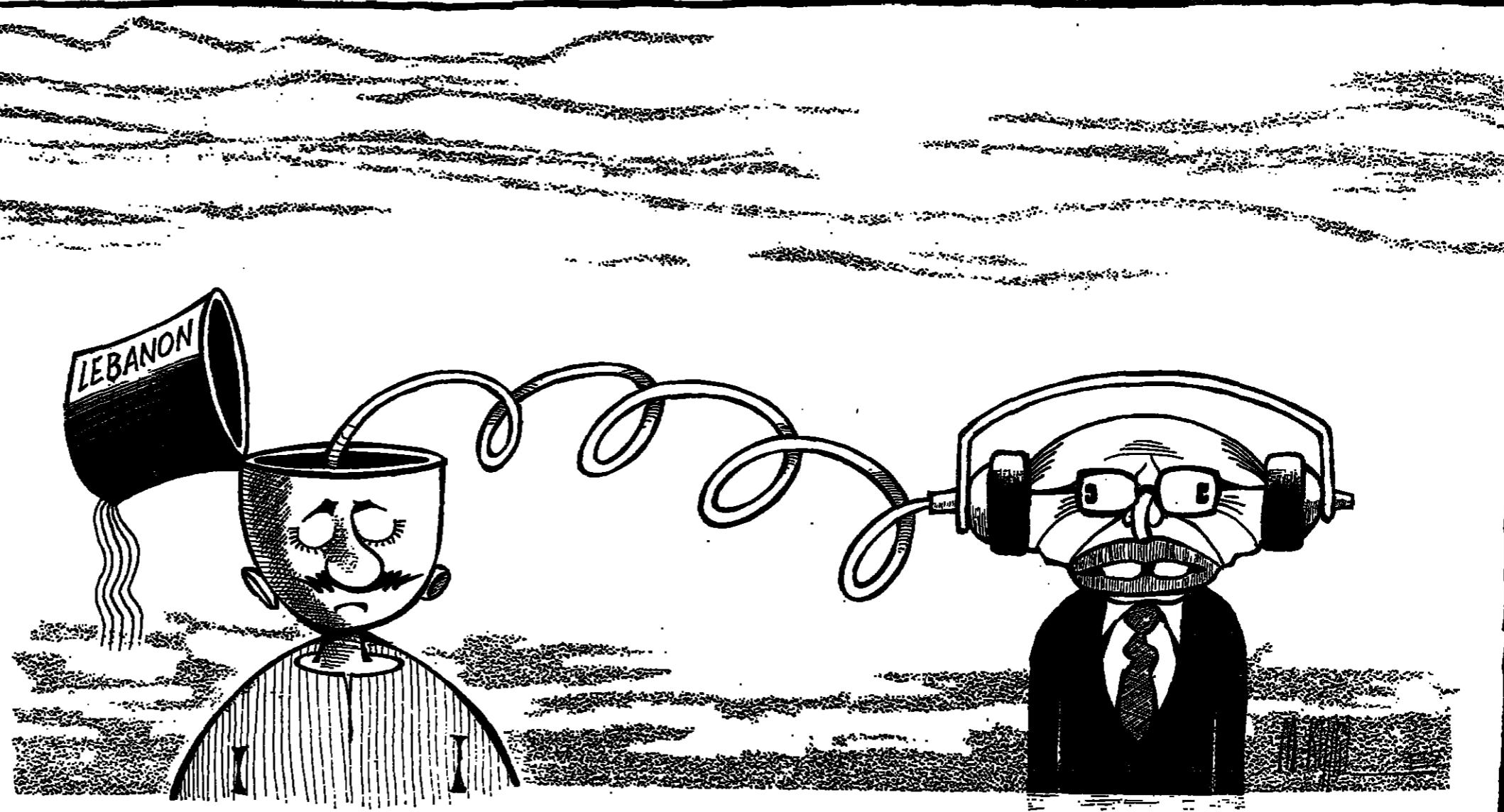
LONDON BUREAU: 67 GOUGH SQUARE FLEET STREET, LONDON EC 4A 30 J
TEL: 0151 4193256 TEL: 889274 ARAB NEWS

U.S. BUREAU: HOUSTON, 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH SUITE 1650 HOUSTON,
TEXAS 77027 TEL: (713) 661-0245 TELE: 422-1650 ARABNEWS HOU

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 359 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 538-7183 TELE: 440588 ARABNEWS WASH

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION: SR700 AIRMAIL POSTAGE INCLUDED
OR THE EQUIVALENT IN OTHER CURRENCIES

Produced and Printed at Al Madina Printing and Publishing Co. Jeddah



Distrust and fears of scapegoat-hunting grip Israeli army

By Marcus Eliason

TEL AVIV —

A battle between the army and Defense Minister Ariel Sharon over the handling of Israel's invasion of Lebanon is raising concern about the future of Israel's increasingly outspoken armed forces.

Until now, Israelis scoffed at the suggestion that the army might ever muscle into political affairs. They still think it unlikely, but they don't laugh so readily anymore. Maj. Gen. (ref.) Haim Herzog, a former intelligence chief now serving in parliament for the opposition Labor Party, says the growing political debate within the army "is a development that could endanger the very basis of Israeli society."

This army now poses a grave threat to Sharon's career. His conduct during Israel's invasion of Lebanon and the massacre of hundreds of civilians in two Palestinian refugee camps in Beirut have provoked calls by senior officers for his resignation. The army officers are quoted as calling him a liar, an irresponsible man willing to blame the army for his own shortcomings. The judicial inquiry starting last week into the conduct of the army and government during the massacre is widely expected to lead to high-level dismissals. Thus distrust and suspicions of scapegoat-hunting pervade the defense community.

The massacre of hundreds of Palestinians by

Israeli-backed Christian militias in Shatila and Sabra camps last month brought the confrontation out of military secrecy and onto TV screens and front pages. But the rift was there in the early days of Israel's invasion of Lebanon June 6, and it grew bigger as the war outgrew Israel's originally stated intention to crush Palestinian commands in Lebanon's south. Military censors at first tried to prevent publication of the controversy, but the issue became too big to be kept secret.

The danger of a politicized army has existed ever since Israel's founders forged a citizens' army which could mobilize and arm every able-bodied person in the country in a matter of days whenever national survival was threatened. Women, like men, are required to serve in the military. The army became the most cherished national institution, and a military career was considered a good ticket to high political office. The late Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, former Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Sharon are prime examples.

To shield itself against coups and juntas, Israel set up strict laws, traditions and censorship rules barring uniformed men from expressing political opinions in public. These principles were carefully drilled into a generation of officers.

Sharon's critics say they predicted the custom would break down as soon as the 54-year-old retired general became defense minister in August 1981. They say Sharon's career is too volatile, a

mixture of brutality in battle, insubordination and a chronic inability to work harmoniously with colleagues. Even before the war, Sharon's cavalier way of setting policy, his choices for promotion in the officer corps and his authoritarian manners alienated him from many officers and cabinet ministers, critics say.

Now that Sharon is in trouble, the critics are coming into the open. Deputy Prime Minister Simcha Erlich, a longtime Sharon foe, says the controversy proves that military men should not be made defense ministers because they "disrupt" the army's workings. Sharon ran the Lebanon war more as a combat general than a cabinet minister. Constantly dashing between battlefields and cabinet rooms, he dealt out orders and stepped on military toes, pushing the war forward while his colleagues in Tel Aviv tried to hold it back.

When he failed to win cabinet approval for an all-out campaign to capture the strategically valuable Beirut-Damascus highway, he did it piece-meal. He would nudge his forces forward day by day, each time explaining to the cabinet that today's advance was needed to secure yesterday's. According to Dr. Nirum Novick of Tel Aviv University's Shiloh Mideast Research Center, the army suffered more losses than it would have if it had been told from the outset to take the highway, and this heightened the rancor toward Sharon. Moreover, he says, the troops were often told they were

retaliating for ceasefire violations — violations they believed had not occurred — and this damaged Sharon's credibility in their eyes.

The prospect of possibly having to invade Beirut further divided the army. As a large anti-war movement took root in Israel under the leadership of recently discharged combat troops, a top officer, Col. Eli Geva, resigned as commander of an armored brigade rather than have to lead it into the Lebanese capital.

The Beirut massacre pushed the resentments of the army even further into the open. For days it suffered abuse for supposedly having stood idly by while Christian militiamen slaughtered hundreds of Palestinians. The army feared that Sharon was planning "to throw them to the dogs," says military columnist Amir Oren of the daily *Davar*. By the time Sharon finally announced he would take responsibility for any shortcomings uncovered by the investigation, the damage had been done.

Some analysts say politics began creeping into the army after the 1967 war, when a national debate was over the future of the newly captured West Bank of the Jordan River from Jordan. Dr. Yoram Peri, who publishing a book on politics and the Israeli army, says army involvement in that debate was accelerated in 1978 when Eytan became chief of staff. The hard-line nationalist openly declared that the West Bank was Israel's by right. "When he began to talk that way, the army came to reflect only one sector of society," says Peri. (AP)

Strategic Swedish location heightens superpower interest

By Rolf Soderlund

BERGA NAVAL BASE, Sweden —

Submarines skulking in the heart of Sweden's east coast defense region reflect once again an apparently acute superpower interest in this strategically located Scandinavian nation, military officials say.

Conservative politicians and some military officers warn that the North Atlantic Treaty Organization would exert strong pressure on neutral Sweden if it proved unable to keep its waters clear of East bloc submarines. They argue that Swedish inability to expel Warsaw Pact intruders could act as a lure for NATO submarines to enter Swedish waters and fight Soviet subs in a conflict.

As a neutral country, Sweden is formally as averse to an uninvited submarine from the West as from the East. One and possibly two vessels have evaded Swedish ships for more than a week deep inside the Stockholm archipelago, just off the country's main naval base. The government hasn't said so, but they generally are thought to be from the Soviet bloc.

The episode was the latest of 10 confirmed or probable submarine contacts since Soviet submarine U-137 ran aground last Oct. 27 within sight of the major base at Karlskrona on the Swedish southeastern coast. Before that incident, the Swedish Navy generally announced contacts, made a flurry of hunting for the possible submarines, then announced that they had left Swedish waters. There were five in the three years before the Karlskrona incident.

This time, warships and helicopters armed with

depth charges and other weapons kept up a relentless but frustrating search, bombing the Hors Bay with tons of depth charges in the search. Its mission was to force the intruders to the surface, identify them, interrogate their officers, then escort them ignominiously from Swedish waters, in much the same manner as U-137 was, an object lesson for intruders.

The defense staff believes foreign powers have strong reasons for sending submarines into the vast archipelagos of this neutral nation strategically sandwiched between the defense areas of NATO on the West and the Warsaw Pact to the East. In times of international crisis, superpower submarines could lurk in deep hollows here, undetected by Swedish forces. If war broke out, the Swedish waters would provide fertile launching ground for their nuclear missiles, military analysts contend.

The Soviet Union would find it too risky to have its subs in port in a crisis situation, and the Soviet Baltic coastline is largely open and shallow, unsuitable for hiding submarines. Swedish experts were baffled that the trapped submarine navigated so handily in the inner archipelago, just as U-137 did before it ran aground.

"The most remarkable thing is that the sub has been able to move around for so many days under water, apparently knowing exactly where it was and where the barriers were," said Capt. Ulf Reinis, a naval officer and analyst with SIPRI, the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute. "They must have had the area mapped out very carefully beforehand. But how? It would take very systematic and long work."

Defense officials say foreign submarines possibly operate regularly off Sweden to collect basic information for naval charts, as a preparation for operating in Swedish waters in times of war. Some Swedish analysts believe the Soviets are preparing for war after reassessing the risks since U.S. President Ronald Reagan entered the White House. "They therefore step up their intelligence activity involving, for example, submarines, ignoring the short-term political consequences of being discovered," one analyst said.

Another reason why foreign submarines come here may be for very realistic training purposes, military officials say. It has been suggested that Soviet submarine captains navigate Swedish archipelagos as a final test before graduation.

Svenska Dagbladet, a conservative morning newspaper with good defense contacts, quoted a military source as saying only the captain and a few officers aboard a Soviet vessel know where it is. The crew in a trapped submarine thus apparently would have the impression that it was on an extremely tough maneuver.

The source told the newspaper a captain on an invading Soviet sub has orders to make it back home or hide his vessel and commit suicide with his crew rather than be caught. Foreign subs also may be here on regular spy missions. A military maneuver was under way when a periscope was spotted Oct. 1 at the doorstep of Muskö Naval Base, operational center for the east coast defense region.

NATO governments that operate submarines in the Baltic Sea have denied that their boats were involved in the Hors Bay incident, and the Soviet Tass news agency said the intruders were not

Soviet. But a Soviet Ilyushin-38 reconnaissance and communications plane, similar to but less sophisticated than the American AWACS, monitored the sub chase from over the Baltic. Swedish Air Force sources said.

Sweden, which maintains the strongest defense force of the Nordic countries, undoubtedly is getting tougher against submarine intruders. Peacetime restrictions on bombing intruders was eased during the latest hunt, and new Prime Minister Olof Palme said he would "put in effect means that would damage the suspected intruder" under certain unspecified circumstances. "We will, by all possible means, react against violations of our territory," the Social Democrat premier said.

But military officials complain they lack adequate equipment to track intruders and weapons precise enough to force a sub to the surface without destroying it. They add it is impossible to keep a 100 percent effective watch on a coastline of 2,700 km and dotted with islands. (AP)

Today in history

Today is Tuesday, Oct. 12, the 285th day of 1982. There are 80 days left in the year.

Highlights in history on this date:

1492 — Christopher Columbus discovers America.

1822 — Brazil becomes independent of Portugal.

1914 — German troops occupy Ghent and Lille in World War I.

1929 — Labor Party wins Australia elections.

1945 — Allied control council in Germany orders dissolution of Nazi Party after World War II.

1956 — Britain tells Israel it will assist Jordan if Egypt is attacked.

1962 — India's Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru says Indian Army has been ordered to oust China's forces from Indian territory near Tibetan border.

1964 — Army forces take control in South Vietnam, ousting government of Maj. Gen. Nguyen Khanh in bloodless coup.

1968 — Military government takes control in Panama after coup that ousts President Arnulfo Arias.

1976 — Prime Minister Huo Guofeng is appointed Chairman of China's Communist Party, succeeding the late Mao Tse-tung.

1978 — Peace talks between Egypt and Israel open in Washington under U.S. auspices.

1980 — Algerian Red Cross officials release first official death count — 1,500 — in earthquake that devastated city of Al Asnam.

Thought for today:

May God defend me from my friends. I can defend myself from my enemies — Voltaire. French writer (1694-1778).

GCC DEFENSE SYSTEM

The current meeting of the defense ministers of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) appears to be highlighting the need for a well-integrated joint defense system. Earlier ministerial meetings had focused on internal security and common market following closer economic integration at all levels.

The defense ministers' meeting is equally important if not a little more so. The GCC comprises the Kingdom of Kuwait, Bahrain, Qatar, UAE and Oman. They are wealthy countries which do not need foreign aid. On the contrary, combined, they are giving away billions of dollars in aid to other needy countries.

They can probably do away with or postpone economic integration since this is hardly a matter of national urgency. But they cannot for long shelve the need for internal security and defense integration for obvious reasons.

The six member states are not the strongest in the region, militarily, but they can become, en bloc, a power to be reckoned with if they succeed in streamlining their defense establishments and work closely with each other the way others have done. Indeed, they owe it to themselves and to their people to start working toward an integrated defense system without having to apologize to any one or to rationalize their actions. They represent the same people fragmented in the past by colonial subjugation and artificially created boundaries. And if the nations of Western Europe, the U.S. and Canada could create a formidable system like NATO despite the staggering differences, why can't the Arab states of the GCC follow suit?

The GCC was in itself good news for the people of the region and an indication by the founders that it was high time that they achieved some kind of unity through slow but deliberate integration.

The states and the region in general are targeted by the U.S. and the Soviet Union and they may remain so for at least the next decade when the demand for oil may fall off considerably to force a change in superpower strategic thinking. This is only speculative at best and oil may remain in great demand even longer despite the discovery of a cheap method of extracting hydrogen fuel from water.

In any case, the GCC cannot take any more chances and a strong GCC is better than strong member states without much coordination amongst them.

Saudi Arabian press review

A Saudi newspaper Monday said nobody in the Islamic world had supported what it called the Iranian pilgrims' misguided behavior which contradicted Islamic tenets and rituals relating to the holy occasion.

Al-Medina said "All Muslims have blessed the Saudi efforts to deter such acts during the pilgrimage." The paper added "Those who thought they knew everything about Islam have actually planned destruction and chaos for their own country." As a result of this, Iran has gone back again to the days of the Middle Ages, again and again, to fight Iraq, silently accepted Israel's attack on the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) and closed its eyes in the face of Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Al-Jazirah dealt with the Gulf defense ministers' conference being held in Riyadh and highlighted the importance of setting up a "military force at a time when most parts of the world are witnessing riots and uprisings which threaten peace and security." A military force has become the effective way to face the aggressive policies of certain superpowers to reach for the wealth of the region," it said. The paper added "Those who thought they knew everything about Islam have actually planned destruction and chaos for their own country." As a result of this, Iran has gone back again to the days of the Middle Ages, again and again, to fight Iraq, silently accepted Israel's attack on the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) and closed its eyes in the face of Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Al-Riyad said since the defense ministers' last meeting in January, the Arab area had "witnessed very crucial events topped by the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and the Iraq-Iran war, affecting the region's security and stability.

"The increase in tension, as a result of the Zionist aggression and the Iraq-Iran war, despite international and Islamic moves to put an end to this conflict will pave the way for superpower intervention in the Gulf region's domestic affairs," it said.

involved 170 British military personnel. It was originally planned that when integration was complete the British Military Advisory and Training Team (BMATT) would be phased out fairly rapidly. Instead, Mugabe asked for a large part of the team to stay on, with a complement of about 80, it is still Britain's biggest and most costly military presence in Africa.

The team's role has not always been a comfortable one and some officers here are beginning to find the responsibilities irksome. With recent political strains exposing cracks in the facade of Zimbabwean unity, there is concern that the British should not be linked with the conduct of some of the troops they have trained.

In operations to track down dissidents in the western province of Matabeleland, soldiers of the Zimbabwe National Army have been responsible for beatings, rape and widespread intimidation of civilians.

Some government officials tend to dismiss such excesses. An editorial in the *Herald* newspaper summed up the attitude of the ruling ZANU (PF) Party: "Which army in the world has been known to treat people who are almost in rebellion with kindness."

Dilemma for Chun government

Memories of Japanese horrors bubble to surface in S. Korea

By Allan Reditt

SEOUL (R) — During Japan's 35-year colonial rule of Korea, patriots were beheaded and burned alive, young men drafted for virtual slave labor, women sent to military-run prisons and national culture methodically destroyed.

Memories of these atrocities have been stirred here by Japan's recent revision of history textbooks that put its imperial role in Asia in a better light for future generations. But it also has brought back for older Koreans a host of smaller hurts inflicted by Japan and severely strained ties between the two countries, even jeopardizing a \$4 billion loan from Tokyo that South Korea desperately needs.

Japan's rewriting of history has struck a raw nerve here as it has done in other parts of Asia, causing long-submerged bitterness to bubble to the surface after nearly two decades of government-sponsored reticence for the sake of economic trade. For the first time many of the country's young people are hearing of the horrors and the smaller pains inflicted by Japan.

The stories told are remarkably similar. "I entered school with the (Japanese) name of Yamamoto. I could not go to school with my own name," a senior member of government said.

"Entering elementary school I was completely forbidden to use Korean. In my classroom there was a large chart with all the names of the children. Anyone who unconsciously used even one Korean word got a mark. Three marks and one was bitterly whipped."

Novelist Richard E. Kim, in his book *Lost Names*, poignantly described how he saw his father cry for the first time as he apologized before the grave of their ancestors for the disgrace wrought on the family by the Japanese. "Today, I lost my name. Today, we all lost our names," he said. "Feb. 11, 1940." Japan's revised textbooks, however, sug-



Chun Doo Hwan

gest Koreans voluntarily adopted Japan's Shinto faith and the colonial government allowed the use of the Korean language. Koreans find this idea insulting and latent racial hatred has been rekindled.

The revisions pose a dilemma for the right-wing government of President Chun Doo Hwan. "We know the people are not satisfied with measures taken by the government over the textbook issue," a government official said. "But the South Korean government appreciates that the Japanese government has done all it can."

"It has committed itself to take responsibility for correcting the textbooks in a written memorandum to us. We are not challenging the screening system." Seoul also used such a system. Publisher Lee Tae-Bok was sentenced to life imprisonment in January for printing standard texts on socialism.

The government here sees the textbook issue as a dispute between Japan's dominant left-wing teachers unions and Ministry of

Education conservatives. An official said Japanese conservatives apparently believed education was being contaminated by left-wing teachers and textbook screening was a remedy, "but they went too far."

He said South Korea appreciated the Japanese left raising the issue of historical distortion but disagreed with the apparent goal of abolishing textbook screening for ideological reasons.

The revision issue has now made delicate negotiations over a \$4 billion Japanese loan impossible. The amount offered by Japan was \$2 billion less than Korea asked and Korea hoped a better deal could be struck in renewed talks.

Seoul urgently needs the loan to fulfill its 1982-86 development plan. But even the authoritarian government of President Chun cannot risk the inevitable public outcry if negotiations were reopened in the present climate.

Other thorny problems between the two countries must also remain in limbo until the textbook furore dies down. The treatment of 600,000 ethnic Koreans in Japan, products of Japan's forced labor and land seizure policies during colonial rule, is a prime example. Under present Japanese law, Korean residents are not entitled to citizenship. Nor can they secure jobs as teachers, lawyers or university professors.

A big trade imbalance for Japan is another issue now on the backburner. South Koreans smart under what they see as Japanese economic imperialism through tough import quotas on Korean tuna, seaweed, raw silk and even baseball catcher's mitts.

The government is keenly aware that anti-Japanese sentiment must not get out of control. Student demonstrators have already accused President Chun's government of being too pro-Japanese. To deflect criticism, the government plans to rebuild a church

where 23 Koreans were burned to death by Japanese troops and reinter their remains in a suitable monument.

By end of century

Bangkok turning 'Atlantis of the East'

By Francis Deron

BANGKOK (AFP) — Crowned with the dubious title of Southeast Asia's noisiest city last year, by the end of this century Bangkok may be just a huge silent lake: The city is literally sinking.

Ten thousand "tuk-tuks", motorized versions of pedicabs and thousands of trucks and motorcycles, with useless or no silencers, raise decibels to the point where the sound volume in the Thai capital well exceeds the human noise tolerance threshold.

In a 1981 study by West German researcher Thomas Klaas, Bangkok was rated twice as noisy as Singapore. However, perhaps 20 years from now, nothing will be left of this din but a faraway echo in the memory of the Thais, unless measures are taken to stop the alarming rate of some 14 centimeters a year at which Bangkok is sinking. By the year 2000, the whole Bangkok area, with close to six million inhabitants, will be below sea level.

The main reason for this phenomenon lies in the pumping of subterranean waters in the city, which causes a weakening of the sand and clay layers on which the city is built. With rains pouring into the capital's Chao Phya

River, and with tides causing canals to flood back — even though the sea is 20 kms to the south — this sinking has already produced visible damage.

If a man had stood two years ago with one foot on the pavement of the large Rama-1 Avenue and another foot on the first step leading to the shopping center bordering the avenue, he would now have one knee at the same height as his hip.

The entire avenue has in fact sunk more than 15 centimeters, while the shopping center is still at its original level. An extra step had to be added to the entrance of the center, where it meets the pavement.

Unlike the older buildings, most of Bangkok's modern buildings are now built on deep pillars which stabilize them. But at the foot of the huge buildings in modern Bangkok, the city seems to be irrevocably sucked in by the earth. The climate also plays a role in the quickly deteriorating situation.

Each year, the effects of the rainy season — flooded roadways, pedestrians with rolled-up trousers, cars spraying water as they drive past — are taking longer to disappear. No doubt the increased buying power of Bangkok's citizens must be taken into account, as villa owners now buy motor pumps which

send excess water from their saturated gardens into the street.

Other cities in the world are sinking more quickly than Bangkok, experts say. But the Thai capital founded two centuries ago on the marshy delta of the Chao Phya River, is certainly the most threatened.

The city seems condemned to saw off the branch on which it is sitting, by pumping its underground water to quench its thirst. Unless important and costly works are undertaken to supply it with available surface water.

In December 1981 a team of Thai experts finished a three-year study, and pressed the government to take urgent measures: Prohibiting the pumping of underground water, developing new canals on the outskirts of the city and considerably extending the supply channels of water from surrounding rivers.

The rivers would then be relieved of some of the excess water in case of upstream flooding, or strong tidal rushes caused by downstream tides. These works would cost a minimum of \$200 to \$300 million, a researcher in the team, Prinya Nutalaya said.

Up until now, no urgent project is in the making. The administration's slowness — making one person tell a former minister, with some bitterness, that given the knowledge of the Dutch in its expertise of controlling the ground and water, "if Thailand had in history become a colony of the Netherlands this question might not have arisen at all. The Dutch might have already solved the problem for us."

Meanwhile, Thai newspapers now are presenting the capital in the year 2000 in apocalyptic terms: "The Atlantis of the East," ran one heading in *The Bangkok Post*.

One journalist imagined an enormous stretch of water, with modern buildings emerging, having resisted the ravages of water, and the only ships to survive would be those whose supplies could be transported by boat — the sole remaining means of transportation.

After having been torn away from its "klongs", the canals which earned it the title of "Venice of the East", to become a city lined with jammed avenues, Bangkok would then recover its traditional way of life, with only the rhythmic sound of waves breaking the silence.

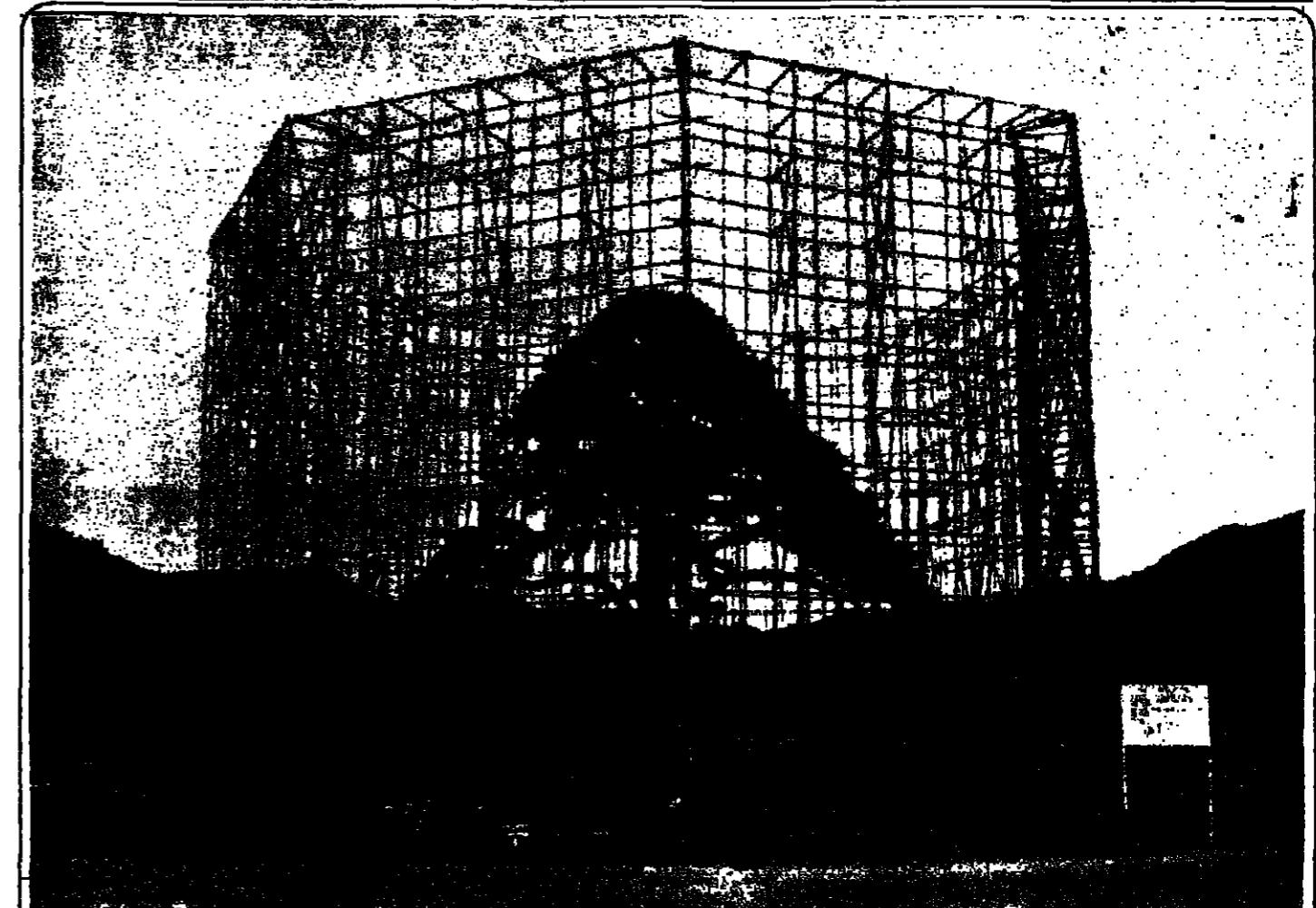
There are known to be at least 10,000 asteroids of more than 100 meters in diameter. But the one that Marchal particularly wants is known as Hermes. It is about 800 meters in diameter and weighs more than a billion tons. Hermes passed within 100,000 kilometers of the Earth in 1937.

He believes that asteroids could be "guided" to Venus by spacecraft and blown up by nuclear charges to create the dust clouds. But an even surer method would be to guide two asteroids into a collision above Venus. The dust would stay in the atmosphere to create a protective ring around the planet, like those on Saturn, providing shade for several thousand years.

"There would be a drop in temperature in a two thousand kilometer zone near each of the poles. Within two hundred years the atmosphere would be similar to that of Earth's, but in the meanwhile, colonies could be established under special domes and supplied by manufactured oxygen."

Like so many of Verne's now fully realized forecasts hardly a century ago, Marchal's project has been described as "science fiction" by some of his colleagues. While he continues the job of trying to persuade them that man has the means at his disposal, he is involved in a more modest plan — the eventual placing of huge mirrors on the moon to reflect sunlight on to Earth at night.

To cool Venus down, dust clouds would



"MINISTER PINE": The most distinguished tree in South Korea, which has been ranked as a cabinet minister, shows off its royal profile. Below: Hong-do Island. The Seoul government has launched various measures to preserve its natural beauty.

Symbol of nature conservation

An old pine with cabinet rank

By Choi Hee-jae

SEOUL (Yonhap) — Near the entrance to Mount Songnai some 100 kilometers southeast of Seoul, Korea's most distinguished tree, known as a "minister pine," welcomes visitors to the national park. Designated as Natural Monument No. 103, the 600-year-old red pine stands on the left side of the road to the mountain, showing off its royal profile.

The 15-meter-tall pine is famous because it was granted the official title of *chong ipum*, a rank equivalent to that of a cabinet minister, by King Sejo (1417-68) of the Yi dynasty (1392-1910). Legend has it that the tree was given the distinction because it lifted its boughs in respect when King Sejo and his entourage passed by.

The tree recently emerged as a symbol of nature conservation for Koreans as the government has made unprecedented efforts to protect it from various threats, both natural and artificial. A special committee was formed for the protection of the tree, suffering from old age, under the Culture-Information Ministry's office of cultural property maintenance. The office spent 31 million won (\$42,000) in May to build a large cage around the tree to protect it from pests. In addition, it sprinkled 2,400 liters of a growth substance over the needles and injected 360 liters of a growth-regulating chemical into the roots.

The Korean peninsula, 70 percent mountainous, has been described as "silk-embroidered rivers and mountains." It is characterized by diverse species of plants and animals. According to ecologists, more than 4,500 kinds of vascular plants grow in the country, which compares with some 1,500 species in Denmark and 2,000 species in England. They comprise warm temperate vegetation, temperate vegetation and cold temperate vegetation, despite Korea's relatively small territory. Among them, more than 1,000 species are endemic plants, including rhododendron indicum sweet, forsythia viridisima lindl and lycuris squamigera maxima. There are more than 370 species of birds in south Korea, 25 reptiles, 14 amphibians, and 130 freshwater fish.

With a good natural environment, as evidenced by the wide distribution of plants and wildlife, most Koreans did not feel the need to conserve nature until a few years ago. During the early 1970s, however, when Korea was busy with many kinds of development, including the construction of large industrial complexes and multipurpose dams, a few Koreans realized that the conservation of nature was an important issue.

Since the middle of the 1970s, an increasing number of people have expressed their concern. Given its first governmental financial support, the Korea Commission for the Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources expanded its organization in 1974, and renamed itself the Korean Association for the Conservation of Nature.



Late in 1977, a nation wide campaign to preserve nature was launched at the initiative of the late President Park Chung-hee. In 1978, every municipal and provincial administration established its own committee on nature conservation, providing a firm foundation for sustained nationwide campaigns. On Oct. 5 of that year, a charter for nature conservation was proclaimed to serve as a long-term guide for future campaigns. Since then, government-led or voluntary campaigns have continued across the country, sometimes as part of the nation's Saemaul (new community) Movement, which calls for reforms in traditionally backward ways of life.

The government has so far designated 23 endangered species of wildlife as "natural monuments," comprising 20 birds, 2 mammals and one insect. Among them are the Japanese crested ibis, hooded crane, black-faced spoonbill, white-naped crane, white stork, black stork, great bustard, long-billed beetle, musk deer and Amur goral. In addition, several other endemic species have been designated as "monuments," including a dog called *chindo-gae* and five species of fish living in deep mountain valleys. Seventeen localities have been named as breeding grounds, passing or wintering grounds, or habitats for the Tristram's woodpecker, fairy pitta, Bewick's swan and other birds, including the Nakdong estuary where an estimated 100,000 migratory birds of 150 species visit every winter.

Also designated as monuments are scores of old trees and plants, including a large ginkgo at the Yongsunsa Temple about 48 kilometers east of Seoul. The tree, at least 1,100 years old, 65 meters tall, and 14 meters in circumference, may be the oldest and largest ginkgo in the world. Legend has it that Crown Prince Muai of King Kyongsun, the last ruler of the Silla dynasty (57 B.C. - 935 A.D.), planted it on his way to the Diamond Mountains. Adding to the mystique of the tree, it is said that the tree walls whenever great events occur in Korea, such as the death in 1919 of the Yi dynasty's

According to a report by British UNESCO ecologist Duncan Poore, who examined wildlife conditions in August 1981 in Mount Sorak and three other areas in South Korea, there are 939 vascular plant species in the Sorak Mountain area of 37,000 hectares. Among them, 48 species are considered "rare." Poore reported that 25 mammal species were confirmed in the area, together with 92 birds, 11 reptiles, 9 amphibians and 35 fish.

After the UNESCO designation, the Korea National Commission for the U.N. organization established a study group of experts to help preserve the natural environment there. Due to the wonderful national park's immense popularity with tourists, its unique ecological balance may be threatened without more protective measures.

The Korean government and conservationists plan to conduct more surveys in Mount Sorak and other areas, and exchange information with foreign countries and organizations. The growing concern, coupled with Koreans' love of nature, will enable Korea's "silk-embroidered rivers and mountains" to retain their natural state, continuing to appeal to all people who visit the park.

SELF-SERVICING

WRITTEN & DRAWN BY BILL CALDWELL

CHECKING THE REAR SUSPENSION

MOST CARS STILL HAVE LEAF SPRINGS ON THEIR REAR SUSPENSION — HERE IS WHAT TO LOOK FOR WHEN INSPECTING THEM.

DO-IT-YOURSELF CAR MAINTENANCE

MAKE SURE THE U-BOLTS WHICH CONNECT THE MIDDLE OF THE SPRINGS TO THE

CLEAN THE LEAVES WITH A WIRE BRUSH AND CHECK THAT NONE IS BROKEN. INSPECT ALSO THE RUBBER MOUNTING BUSHES.

AXE CASING ARE TIGHT. THERE SHOULD BE NO PLAY AT ALL.

SEE THAT THE RUBBER BUMP-STOP IS STILL INTACT AND EXAMINE THE CHECK-STRAP (IF FITTED), WHICH LIMITS THE AXLE'S DOWNWARD MOVEMENT, FOR WEAR.

For knee ailments

Arthroscopic surgery minimizes pain, recovery time

By Susan Saporito
Houston Bureau

HOUSTON — Knee ailments are commonplace in American society, and those who fall prey to knee injury are usually forced to endure a great deal of pain — due to the injury or the surgery that may follow.

But Dr. Bruce Weiner, an orthopedic surgeon at Northshore Medical Complex just outside of Houston, performs a surgical procedure that reduces the pain and rehabilitation time incurred in a conventional knee operation.

The procedure is called arthroscopic surgery. The difference is the size of the incision. Instead of opening the entire knee joint, the arthroscopic surgeon makes one to two quarter-inch (1 centimeter) cuts on the knee. In one of these cuts, he puts tubing in that lets water run into the knee, and fill it with fluid. As Dr. Weiner described it, it's like looking under water — the visualization is better.

Through another cut, the doctor inserts the sterile arthroscope, which is similar to a telescope. It has an eyepiece and a lens that the doctor looks through enabling him to see inside the knee and examine all its elements.

"Many people that have knee problems...where we used to have to open the knee up to see what the matter was, we can do a diagnosis through the arthroscope," Dr. Weiner said. "When we find a problem, we make another little quarter-inch cut and insert any of the small instruments that are needed to make repairs," he added.

Some of these devices are cutting instruments, scissors, grasping devices and drill bits



Dr. Bruce Weiner

that can actually be put into the knee to smooth out arthritic cartilage and take out large pieces of damaged cartilage. "We can remove pieces of cartilage that are a half an inch (1.3 centimeters) square through the quarter-inch cut because it's rubbery tissue," Dr. Weiner explained.

He added that close to 90 percent of knee operations that previously were done through open surgery, can now be done with the arthroscope. One of the benefits of arthroscopic surgery is less pain due to smaller incisions and a quicker rehabilitation period. Young, healthy athletes can be back to early

running in about two weeks and to full exercise in four to six weeks. With open surgery, the patient would need three months to recover.

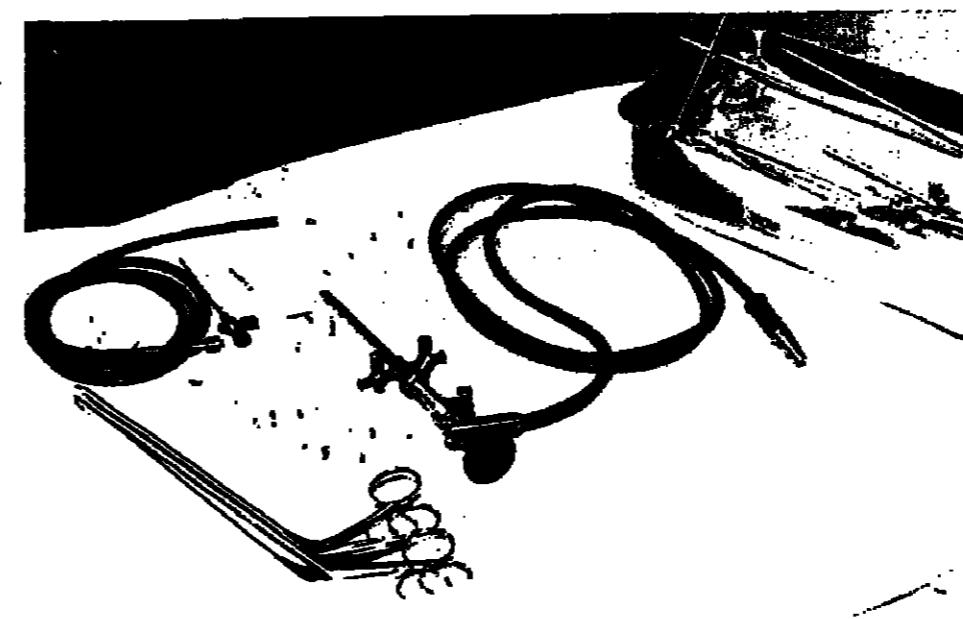
"The complication rate is extremely low," Dr. Weiner commented. "It's almost unheard of to get an infection after (arthroscopic surgery) because of smaller incisions and because you're irrigating the joint with fluid. That irrigation will wash out any bacteria that may be in the joint."

But the arthroscope is not a cure-all. Ligament tears or major ligament damage, according to Dr. Weiner, will never be able to be repaired through the arthroscope. And replacing an entire arthritic knee joint must still be done through open surgery.

A technique Dr. Weiner uses on arthritic knee joints afford the patient several years of considerably less pain before a major operation must be performed. He uses a drill bit to smooth out the arthritic joint through the arthroscope, then uses a suction device to rid the joint of debris and rough particles. This procedure allows the knee to fill with fresh, less rough scar tissue. The procedure is relatively new and "fairly successful," Dr. Weiner said.

"You almost devise your own operations at times when you come up with a situation that is not routine," Dr. Weiner noted.

Most arthroscopic operations are performed as day surgery. That is, a patient comes in the morning, has the operation and goes home in the evening. This cuts down on hospital costs and the patient's time away from his family. Doctors' costs for this type of surgery are slightly higher than open surgery



INSTRUMENTS: These are the various instruments used in arthroscopic surgery. The arthroscope itself is on the right.

because of the technical knowledge involved.

"It's easier to operate with the knee open, because you're talking about a larger incision and you can put your hands right in. But with the arthroscope, you're working from the end of a six-inch-long instrument and your hands are outside the knee joint. To take cartilage out with open surgery takes about 15 minutes. With the arthroscope, it may take 45 minutes to an hour and a half," Dr. Weiner explained.

"It will get to the point where doctors' costs are going to be much greater for the arthroscopic surgery because technical skills are getting to be more and more difficult."

Arthroscopic surgery in the United States ranges anywhere from \$800 to \$2,500 (\$2,720-\$5,000) plus the additional hospital costs. The tools of the arthroscopic surgeon are becoming more sophisticated. Dr. Weiner described a television set, whereby, the surgeon looks at a television screen to perform the operation, rather than looking through the lens of the arthroscope. He also mentioned a more advanced television camera that is about the size of a cigarette pack.

Dr. Weiner and his three partners began as orthopedic surgeons, then advanced into art

Nutrient used in liver failure cases

VIENNA — Survival chances in serious cases of liver failure have increased considerably during the past decade: a survey compiled by physicians of the Vienna University's I. Medical Clinic shows that a quota of nearly 60 percent in about 200 patients survived in conditions where the liver was no longer in a functioning state after serious hepatitis and fungus poisoning.

The Vienna physicians achieved this success by the use of new special nutrient solutions which since 1972 have been developed at the Clinic and applied for therapeutic pur-

poses in the practical treatment of patients.

Assistant Professor Gunter Kleinberger of the Vienna University and prime physician Dr. Herbert Locher — both scientists are specialists in artificial nutrition — are advancing the opinion that artificial food today has become an important element in the treatment of organ failures and metabolic diseases. The development of new special solutions — among them, for instance, also the "astronauts' food" — permitted good results to be obtained in cases of liver failure as well as even in extremely serious cases of gastric and intestinal diseases.

New therapy helps cure of leprosy patient

By Wilhelm Hilpert

WUERZBURG (INP) — Good samaritans without fear or reproach — these are the doctors, sisters, social-workers, farmers and craftsmen who work in the bush and the desert, on the edge of the jungle and in the slums of big cities helping lepers. The story of the German Aid to Leprosy organization is full of selflessness of this kind. The DAHW, with headquarters in Wuerzburg (Federal Republic of Germany), received 28.8 million DM in donations in 1980 and financed 310 projects in Africa, Asia and Latin America with the money.

The Wuerzburg aid reaches about 700,000 lepers all around the world, of whom over 135,000 are afflicted by the disease in its worst form. About 33,600 patients have been discharged as cured. But twice as many new cases, namely 66,300 have been newly admitted.

Owing to the increasing number of patients who have developed resistance to medication, a combined form of therapy has been developed and has also been recognized by the World Health Organization as necessary. It consists of an anti-bacterial and chemotherapeutic mixture whereas in past decades sulfa preparations have been used, which in the form of tablets had to be administered to the patients for their whole lifetime. The new combined therapy enables the so-called "lifers" to be discharged as healed in a maximum of two years.

Fortunately many partner countries of the Wuerzburg organization are willing to incorporate the leper service into their general health programs or couple leprosy treatment programs with tuberculosis campaigns. In the past leprosy helpers had to rely mainly on themselves. The obvious success in curing patients has in the meantime brought about a change in the thinking of health ministers.

In Africa the headquarters of the DAHW has been able to help 422,000 patients in 23 countries financially. The main centers of activity were Ethiopia, the south Sudan and Mali. In Tanzania a leprosy-tuberculosis program has been worked out. The Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development aid organizations had a share in these efforts. In the National Teaching Center at Wau (Sudan) the first course for leprosy assistants and helpers has been carried out. A school for the basic training of health workers has also been equipped. All this is looked upon as help toward self-help.

In Latin America the donations went principally to Columbia and Paraguay. In Asia the aid was concentrated principally on India with its 3.5 million leprosy victims. The aid organization agreed with the Indian government to establish and finance several leprosy control programs with support from local quarters. Over and above all this the headquarters in Wuerzburg has been responsible during 1980 for coordinating 221 projects in cooperation with the International Association of Leprosy Aid organizations.

STOP KILLING YOURSELF



By Peter J.
Steinrohn
M.D., F.A.C.P.

long are no longer "common" colds.

MEDICALETTES (Replies to and from readers):

According to *Family Health* magazine author, Mario Pei, the most common scare words in the field of medicine and preventive care are: aerosol, cholesterol, cyclamates, carcinogens, allergy, hypertension, pollutant, radiation, counseling (for psychiatric counseling).

I can think of a few more: operation, burnt hamburgers, "shot," underexercise, heredity, overeating, sleeping pills, tranquilizers, heart attack, etc. In fact, I believe we've developed too many phobias about what's good or bad for us. As one patient said, "Oh, for the good old days — when we didn't have to worry about everything we did, or didn't do."

Dear Dr. Steinrohn: Call me the typical grand mother. I have a tip for all mothers who have problems with teething babies. I've brought up six children. Nothing soothed them more than "working on" a stale bagel. — Mrs. J.

For Mrs. O.: If your doctor has recommended that you see a psychologist who will desensitize your phobia about flying, why not see him — especially since your work requires much travel? If you don't, you may never get up the courage of fly. Phobias that are untreated or unsuccessfully managed, rarely disappear by themselves.

(Tomorrow: Living in a nursing home)

Kleenex* Huggies* diapers for happy babies

Three ways more comfortable
than regular type diapers:

- Form-fitting soft, gentle elastic at leg
-HELPS STOP LEAKING.
- Thick, fluffy padding soaks up wetness
-EXTRA ABSORBENT.
- Dry Touch'liner that helps keep wetness
away from skin-KEEPES BABY DRIER.

Your baby deserves happiness
day and night.

HUGGIES

DISPOSABLE DIAPERS

...with elastic

at leg
to help

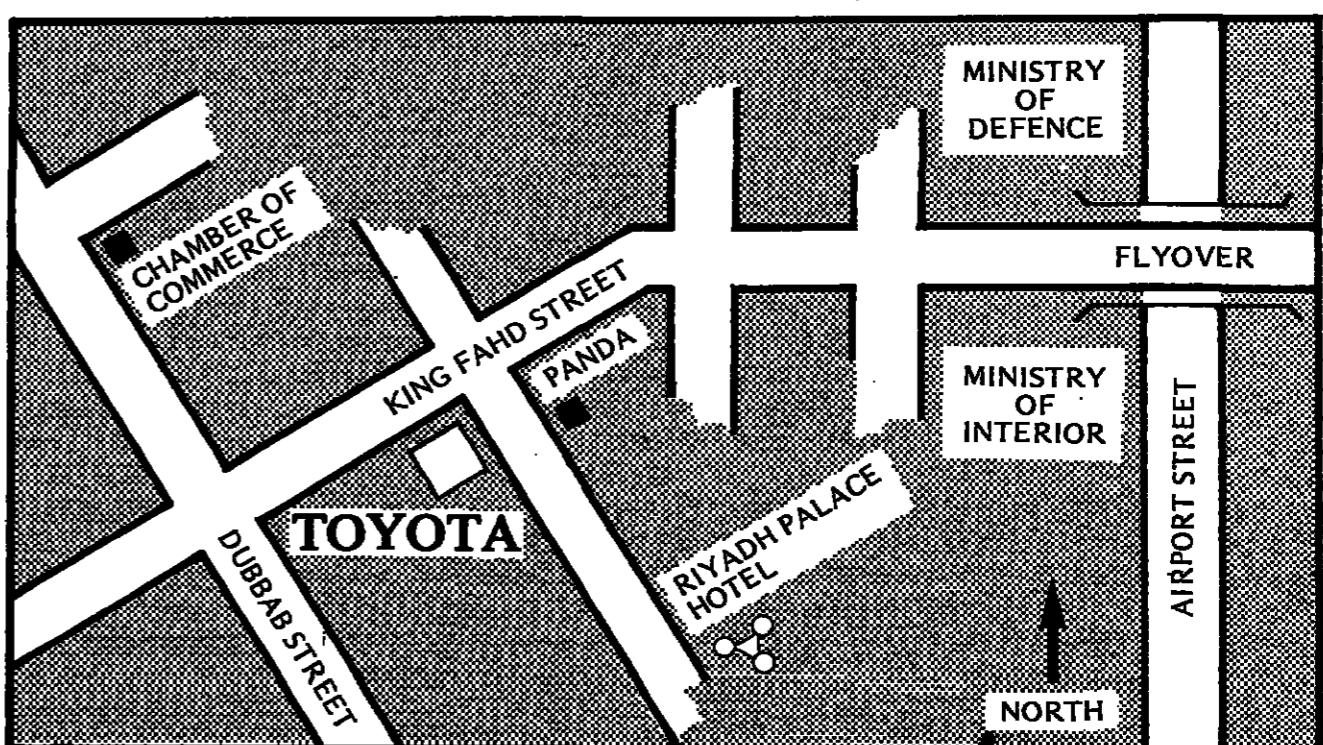
STOP
LEAKING!

In four sizes

Kleenex and Huggies are trademarks of Kimberly-Clark Corp.

EXCITING NEWS

SEE THE TOYOTA 1983 MODELS AT OUR NEW SHOWROOM IN RIYADH



FACT Fleet facilities available

FACT Leasing facilities available

FACT Installment facilities available

FACT Rustproofing (Vital) facilities available

An
Invitation

Mr. Marwan Rasem and
Mr. Abdrahob Darwish
cordially invite you to a
special preview of the new
1983 Toyota models at the
NEW PRESTIGE
SHOWROOM in Riyadh
after 2nd October 1982.
Please see map for location.
Opening Times: 9 am - 12 noon & 4 pm - 10 pm.



TOYOTA

ABDUL LATIF JAMEEL COMPANY LTD
SOLE TOYOTA DISTRIBUTOR IN SAUDI ARABIA

TOYOTA WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD

Conflicts 'worry' Sotelo, Suharto

MADRID, Oct. 11 (AFP) — The situation in Southeast Asia and events in the Middle East dominated discussions here this week between visiting Indonesian President Suharto and Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo, a joint communiqué said.

Suharto, who arrived here Thursday for a state visit at the invitation of King Juan Carlos, left Sunday for the United States, the second stop on a tour that will also take him to Japan and South Korea. King Juan Carlos had visited Indonesia in November 1980.

The communiqué, released shortly before Suharto's departure from the southern Spanish city of Granada, expressed the two leaders' "deep worry" over the Cambodian situation, the occupation of Afghanistan and the Iran-Iraq War.

On Cambodia, the two leaders called for a "rapid and peaceful solution" in accordance with the aspirations of the Khmer people. Suharto expressed his appreciation for Spain's support of the position of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) regarding Cambodia. Indonesia is a member of ASEAN.

On Afghanistan, they called for a "political solution acceptable to all the parties involved" which would permit "the Afghan people to freely choose their own form of government."

On Middle East the communiqué deplored "the continued occupation of Arab territories by Israel" and condemned the Jewish state's "recent aggression in Lebanon." The two leaders said a lasting peace could be attained only by supporting "the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people, in conformity with the resolutions of the United Nations."

On the Iran-Iraq war, they called for a just political solution based on the principles of the United Nations charter.

New Nigerian capital

LAGOS, Oct. 11 (R) — The Nigerian government has made a symbolic start to moving the country's capital from Lagos to the future city of Abuja by holding Independence Day celebration there — as well as the first cabinet meeting out of Lagos.

For Nigerian President Shehu Shagari, this is the fulfillment of a promise that six federal ministries would start moving to Abuja, a process the government hoped would be completed in 1986 or 1987.

Jayewardene favored to win election

COLOMBO, Oct. 11 (AFP) — Incumbent Junius Jayewardene was favored to win Sri Lanka's first popular election for President since independence in 1948, but some analysts did not rule out a last-minute surprise in next week's poll.

The Oct. 20 contest pits Jayewardene's liberal economic philosophy against the Socialist line of ex-Prime Minister Sirimavo Bandaranaike, barred from running but very much present through a sort of "surrogate" candidate.

The president amended the 1978 constitution to move the ballot up nearly 18 months in hopes of turning division among the opposition into a victory over his main electoral rival, Hector Coobekaduwa, lands and agriculture minister under Mrs. Bandaranaike in 1978.

But while the 76-year-old Jayewardene was generally expected to win re-election to a six-year term, observers said the hard-fought race could become a tight battle if the opposition united behind one candidate in this inflation-wracked country.

Mrs. Bandaranaike, 66, prime minister

from 1970 until Jayewardene's United National Party swept to power in the 1977 legislative elections, was deprived of her civil rights for seven years in 1980 for "abuse of power."

Thus "Mrs. B," considered Jayewardene's only serious rival, could not run or even campaign for another candidate in the presidential poll or the general elections scheduled in 1984 under threat of disqualifying that candidate.

But Kobbekaduwa, the 66-year-old candidate of Mrs. Bandaranaike's Sri Lanka Freedom Party, has pledged that if elected he will immediately restore her civil rights and end the presidential government installed by Jayewardene in 1978.

Complicating the opposition effort is reported infighting among the SLFP which is said to also involve Mrs. Bandaranaike's 33-year-old son Anura who had once jumped to a rival party faction but later returned to the fold.

Four other candidates — three radical leftists and a hopeful from a small faction of Sri Lanka's Tamil Minority — are vying for the

votes of the country's nearly eight million strong electorate, including 1.5 million young people casting their first ballots.

The contest will be Sri Lanka's first presidential election. Jayewardene was elected president in 1978 by a parliament where the UNP now holds 142 of the 168 seats. Before then, figurehead officeholders were named by an electoral college.

Jayewardene, who has moved to liberalize the Sri Lankan economy in the last four years, has tried to persuade voters that despite soaring prices they have a bright future in store thanks to his massive development efforts.

One group notable for its absence in the presidential campaign is Sri Lanka's pro-Soviet Communist Party, which has not fielded a candidate despite its opposition to the presidential regime.

Another group sitting out the poll is the Tamil United Liberation Front (TULF), which represents most of the country's Tamil minority and is seeking an autonomous state for the country's three million Tamil Hindus.

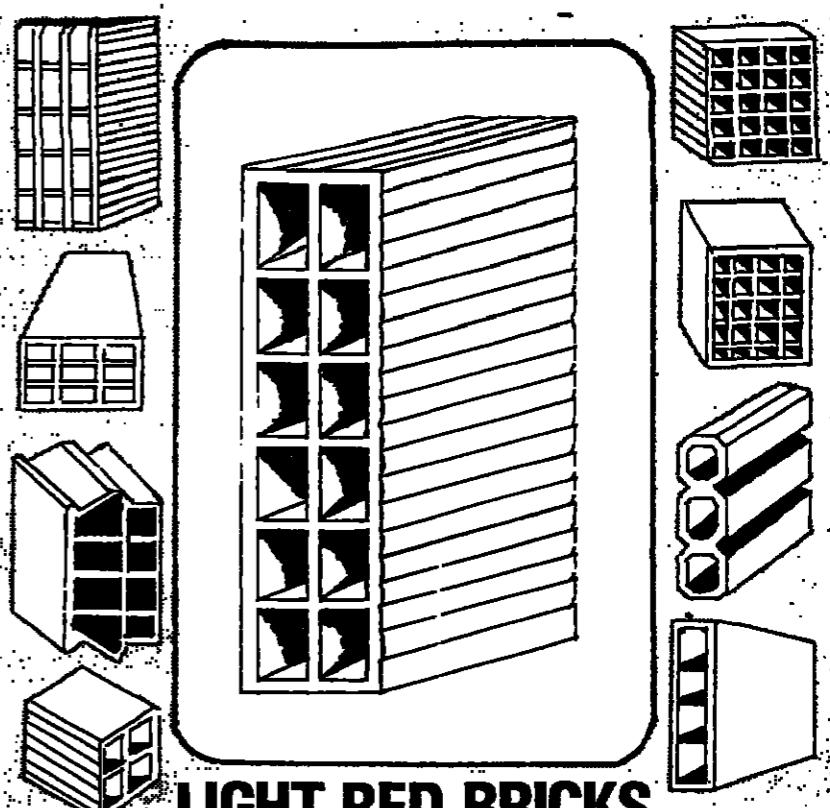
Peking urges release of S. Africans

PEKING, Oct. 11 (AFP) — Communist Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua called Monday for the release of all nationalist South African leaders imprisoned by Pretoria in a message to the United Nations special committee for the fight against apartheid. The New China News Agency said this demand was made on the occasion of solidarity day with South African political prisoners.

Huang said China "strongly condemns the

South African authorities for pursuing a policy of apartheid and resolutely supports the South African people's just struggle." The Chinese government "demands the immediate and unconditional release of Nelson Mandela and all the other nationalists who have been put in prison by the South African racist authorities," Huang added in his message. Huang returned here Sunday from New York where he had participated in the annual session of the U.N. General Assembly.

QASSIM PRODUCTION



LIGHT RED BRICKS

Our Factories produce Clay block of various forms for Walls & Ceilings highly durable for high strong build.

Our Factories in Najd & Qassim (Al Saykhan & Al Dababah) - Industrial City & Buraydah Rd. Oniza P.O.Box: 108- Riyadh
Tel: 06-324-3002 / 06-324-3946

Agents - Ar-Ras - Saykhan Est.
Tel. 06334321 Medina - Factory branch
Hizam St. Near Traffic Centre Tel: 8384366

EXCITING JOB OPPORTUNITIES

A REPUTABLE ORGANIZATION NEEDS
PROFESSIONAL PEOPLE FOR THE FOLLOWING POSITIONS:

POSITION TITLE	RESPONSIBILITY	QUALIFICATION AND EXPERIENCE REQUIRED
MANAGER, PURCHASING	To screen, analyze bids and improve the purchasing systems	Degree in Business Administration required with extensive experience as a Purchasing/Procurement Manager.
GENERAL LEDGER ACCOUNTANT	Data transaction on general ledger system and generating informative management reports.	Degree in Accounting required. Professionals with membership of a recognized accounting body will be preferred.
FIXED ASSET ACCOUNTANT	Data transaction on fixed asset register and provide required information to users.	Degree in Accounting required. Professionals with membership of a recognized accounting body will be preferred.
LIABILITIES SUPERVISOR	Supervise accounts payable and payroll functions and to generate reports to allow management decisions.	Degree in Accounting required. Professionals with membership of a recognized accounting body will be preferred.
SENIOR COST ANALYST	Maintain the cost allocation system and generating management reports.	Degree in Accounting required. Professionals with membership of a recognized accounting body will be preferred.
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE CLERK	Input data on the system and generate information as required.	Courses in Accounting required. Candidates with experience in accounts payable function will be preferred.
PRINCIPAL ENGINEER, TELECOM CONTROLS	Lead a section of senior engineers in the respective field.	Degree in Electrical or Electronics Engineering required. Extensive experience in systems and equipment design and research.
PRINCIPAL ENGINEER, CONTROL SYSTEMS	Lead a section of senior engineers in the respective fields.	Degree in Electrical or Electronics Engineering required. Extensive experience in systems and equipment design and research.
PROJECTS COORDINATOR AND ADMINISTRATOR	Coordinate departmental budget and schedules of projects in hand.	Degree in Electrical or Electronics Engineering required. Extensive experience as an Administrator of a large communications project or contract.
ENGINEER COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS	Review, modify or design systems.	Degree in Electrical or Electronics Engineering required. Extensive experience in the respective field.
SYSTEMS ENGINEER, DATA	Monitor, review and design systems.	Degree in Computer Science required. Extensive experience in systems design or research.
SYSTEMS ENGINEER, ELECTRONICS	Review modify or design systems.	Degree in Electrical or Electronics Engineering required. Extensive experience in the Audio Visual Transmission.
PRINCIPAL CIVIL ENGINEER	Review, modify or design airport civil structure.	Degree in Civil Engineering required. Extensive experience in airport civil engineering and project management.
PROJECTS CONTROL MANAGER	Budget, schedule and control project manpower and cost.	Degree in Civil Engineering required. Extensive experience in the administration of construction contracts.
STAFF ARCHITECT	Carry out the tasks of terminal and facilities architecture.	Degree in Architecture required. Extensive experience in airport terminal.
RECRUITER/PLANNER	Screen and analyze job applications and interview selected candidates. Prepare future manpower programmes.	Degree in Business Administration required. Minimum five years experience in manpower planning and recruiting.
LEAD LIBRARIAN	Head a large library of technical and reference books.	Degree in Library Science. Minimum two years experience as a Library Supervisor.
SUPERVISOR, EMPLOYEE RELATIONS	To direct resolution of employee grievances and discipline problems. And to implement new employees orientation programmes.	Degree in Business Management with specialty in Personnel Administration. A minimum of 5 years related experience is required.

Good salary and fringe benefits are offered for selected candidates. Send complete resume including detailed description of recent positions, functions and responsibilities and salary history and telephone/address within two weeks of the date of this publication to:

PERSONNEL DIVISION, P.O. BOX: 7947, JEDDAH, SAUDI ARABIA.

First consideration will be given to candidate of Saudi nationality. Other nationalities must possess a transferable license.

Total Capability



...from Design and Manufacture to Erection.

Zamil-Soule Steel Buildings Co. Ltd. is the largest steel building manufacturer in Saudi Arabia with a capacity to produce 60,000 tons of steel buildings a year and is involved in every major project in Saudi Arabia.

We offer total capability from design to manufacture and erection of pre-engineered steel buildings ideally suited for factories, warehouses, construction camps, supermarkets, offices and other industrial and commercial uses.

The design capabilities of our Engineering Department are enhanced by the latest computer design and graphic systems available in the industry. Any project whether complex or small is thus ensured of the best combination of design and materials.

Zamil-Soule Steel Buildings Company Limited

Head Office: Dammam Industrial Estate, P.O. Box 270, Dhahran Airport, Saudi Arabia.

Telephone: 8571840/8571291. Telex: 601412 BLDG SJ.

Riyadh Office: Farazdag Street, P.O. Box 251, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia.

Telephone: 4764602/4764650. Telex: 200439 ZAMIL SJ.

Jeddah Office: 2nd Floor Zaqouq-Matbouly Building, Palestine And Madina Road.

P.O. Box 8076, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia. Telephone: 6600012/6693108 Telex: 400626 BLDG SJ.

London Office: A.H. Al-Zamil & Sons (U.K.) Ltd., 363 Park West, Edgware Road.

London W2, England. Telephone: 01-258 3887. Telex: 296067 SLAVE G.

Houston Office: A.H. Al-Zamil Co. Inc., 2411 Fountainview, Suite 205, Houston, Texas 77057, U.S.A. Telephone: 713-977 2689. Telex: 79526 ZAMIL HOU.

Korea Office: Al-Zamil Group of Companies, Taiwha Bldg, Suite 903, 194-27 Ina-Dong, Chongno-gu, Seoul, Korea, Tel: 744-5887, 724-6081, 724-6588. Telex: K27397 ZAMIL SK.

Our manufacturing capability in our factory in Dammam utilises the latest technology and equipment for the manufacture of steel buildings to international standards and all buildings carry a one year limited warranty.

Our erection capability means we have one of the largest erection crews trained and experienced in the erection of steel buildings with maximum efficiency in minimum time.

Contact our nearest offices in Dammam, Riyadh, Jeddah, Kuwait, London or Houston.



Pride in the past
Confidence in the future.

Please send me a copy of your brochure.
Name _____
Company _____
Address _____
Tel: _____

An Al-Zamil Company

Republicans on defensive

Democrats cashing in on job-rate rise

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11 (R) — America's worst unemployment figures since the Great Depression have galvanized the U.S. election campaign and armed opposition Democrats with a weapon to attack President Ronald Reagan's Republicans.

The three-week run-up to congressional elections promises to turn into a slanging match with Reagan accused of being responsible for double-digit unemployment.

Last week's official announcement of 10.1

Tanker repair costs \$5m

MANAMA, Oct. 11 (AFP) — The Portuguese supertanker *Neiva* finally left Bahrain's ASRY shipyard Sunday after spending a record 16 months under repair at a cost of more than \$5 million, informed sources said here Monday.

The job gave ASRY (Arab Shipbuilding and Repair Yard) its biggest contract since it started business here in September 1977. The 323,000-ton tanker, owned by the Portuguese firm Sonopata, had to spend two stints in ASRY's dry dock.

Some 2,600 meters of tubing had to be replaced during the extensive repair of the vessel's main boiler, and the final repair bill was more than twice as much as anticipated, the sources said.

ASRY was set up by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). The technical direction is done by an affiliate of the Portuguese naval shipyards Lisnave.

Economic mess poses a challenge to Zuazo

LA PAZ, Oct. 11 (R) — The Bolivia bequeathed by the military to civilian President Herman Siles Zuazo is a country on the brink of bankruptcy and bent under the worst economic crisis of its history.

Rampant inflation, a critical balance of payments deficit and a national currency whose value has declined by more than 1,000 percent make up the legacy of two years of military dictatorship.

Bolivia, a poor South American republic of fewer than six million people, has suffered some 200 coups in its 157 years of independence.

The last led General Luis Garcia Meza on July 17, 1980, put an end to attempts to install a democratic regime with the support of the United States, Western Europe and other developed nations. General Garcia Meza declared he would rule for 20 years, but his violent coup provoked immediate international ostracism and the suspension of financial aid from governments and international institutions.

Labor opposition to the regime cut back

percent unemployment, the highest level since 1941, did more than hand the Democrats a perfect campaign weapon.

It gave them a chance to prove to apathetic supporters:

That they are unified and back in fighting trim, far different from the divided, feeble party the Republicans crushed in the 1980 presidential election.

That they can exploit an issue effectively, as they could not two years ago when President Jimmy Carter and Senator Edward Kennedy were fighting for the presidential nomination.

And that cautious political strategies have gone in favor of efforts to galvanize their vote by attacking President Reagan head-on.

The unemployment announcement provided the Democrats with priceless, cost-free news coverage across the country, and they took advantage of the opportunity. They had already prepared publicity events involving some of their brightest stars and arranged an unemployment day rally across the street from the White House. And they had bought satellite time to broadcast a news conference and did it with a carefully prepared and timed display of fury.

Apart from one trade union which jumped the gun by circulating an embargoed news release condemning the figures the night before they came out, all was smooth orchestration.

In speech after speech, Democratic leaders put across key themes. One was that the old coalition of organized labor and racial minorities was back together again and now joined by women as an interest group.

According to banking sources, Bolivia is now almost \$50 million behind on repayments of \$450 million in loans owed to a consortium of 128 banks.

The government is also believed to have defaulted on repayments to other creditors such as governments and international institutions, although no official figures are available. President Siles Zuazo has announced he will seek immediate renegotiation of the debts owed to international banks.

But banking sources said his government would first need the blessing of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) which failed to reach agreement with the military on emergency credits.

The sources said up to \$200 million could be made available to Bolivia by the IMF, but at the cost of tough austerity measures.

The IMF traditionally demands sharp cutbacks in public spending and reduction in government subsidies and increases in tariffs charged by state companies for goods and services. Political sources said such measures could provoke fierce opposition from the powerful labor unions.

Arab banks up share in Bahrain OBU

BAHRAIN, Oct. 11 (R) — Arab banks increased their share of the Bahrain Offshore Banking Unit (OBU) market's assets to 44.1 percent at the end of last year from 36.1 percent at end-1980 mainly at the expense of U.S. and British banks, Bahrain Monetary Agency said in its annual report.

The percentage of assets held by U.S. banks fell to 13.8 percent from 19.6 percent and of British banks to 8.4 percent from 10.7 percent. French banks increased their share to 13.2 percent from 13 percent, while Far East banks increased to 6.4 percent from 6.2 percent.

Deposits from Arab countries at \$34.1 billion were 67.2 percent of liabilities and loans to these countries at \$24.8 billion were 48.9 percent of total assets. Assets denominated in dollars rose to \$34.3 billion at end-1981 from \$24.8 billion a year earlier and liabilities in dollars to \$32.9 billion from 23.6 billion, the agency said.

Swiss GDP dips

BERN, Oct. 11 (R) — Swiss real gross domestic product (GDP) fell 0.4 percent in the second quarter compared with the same period last year, the federal statistical office said.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

Spending on equipment fell 4.1 percent in the quarter and spending on construction fell 2.5 percent in real terms, it said. Investment on inventories rose markedly, it added, without giving figures.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

Spending on equipment fell 4.1 percent in the quarter and spending on construction fell 2.5 percent in real terms, it said. Investment on inventories rose markedly, it added, without giving figures.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

The decline follows zero growth in the first quarter and compares with 1.9 percent growth for the whole of 1981, it noted. Private consumption fell 1.7 percent in real terms after a 0.6 fall in the first quarter, with purchases of durable goods down.

Steel industry in the doldrums

TOKYO, Oct. 11 (R) — Leaders of the world's steel industry Monday painted a grim picture of their prospects, with profits this year virtually non-existent and demand remaining sluggish at least until the end of the decade.

"My guess is that steel profit will be a global rarity, if not actually extinct, for calendar 1982," Frederick Jairks, chairman of the International Iron and Steel Institute (IISI), told 290 delegates from 36 countries attending the institute's annual conference.

The four-day conference, a forum for talks on technical issues concerning steelmakers, is taking place during a severe slump in world demand from traditional buyers such as the car, shipbuilding and construction industries, production cutbacks, lay-offs and trade disputes between U.S. and European producers.

"1982 promises to go down in the books as the worst within working memory of most, if not all; senior steel executives assembled here," said Jairks, chairman of the inland steel company of the United States. There was a prospect that all U.S. major steelmakers might make losses this year, he said, adding that his own company would show a deficit for the first time in 50 years.

Forecasts by the institute are that because of recession Western steel consumption this year will total only 421 million tons, 8 percent down on 1981. Total consumption, including the Comecon countries, China and North Korea, is put at 672 million tons, a drop of 5 percent.

The institute's secretary-general, Lenhard Hirsch, said steel consumption in the United States was expected to fall 14 percent this year to its lowest level in more than two decades.

Dow Jones average crosses new mark

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (R) — Stock prices soared in early trading and the Dow Jones industrial average broke through the critical 1,000 level.

The Dow Jones average climbed more than 16 points to 1,002.94 and advances led declines by 11 to one. Volume totalled 22 million shares.

The Dow Jones average last closed above 1,000 on June 23, 1981 when it finished at 1,006.66.

Analysts said the market gained fresh support from Federal Reserve Chairman Paul Volcker's statement over the weekend that the central bank's credit policy will be less tightly tied to M-1 money supply growth.

SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT TENDERS

Authority	Description	Tender Number	Trade Price	Closing Date
Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Building washrooms at the Academy	—	300	Oct. 17
	Maintenance of the Academy's Swimming pool	—	50	Oct. 17
	Maintenance of the Telephone exchange	—	50	Oct. 18
	Veterinary medicines	4/13	free	Oct. 4
Interior Ministry, Academy of Interior Security Forces	Building housing units for the cadets	—	5,000	Oct. 16
	Renovating and furnishing the hall of culture	—	1,000	Oct. 16

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT
SHIPS MOVEMENT UPTO 0700 HOURS ON
23TH D'HILJAH 1402/10TH OCTOBER 1982

1. SHIPS DISCHARGING :

Berth	Name of Vessel	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arrival
2.	Nada	Anesco	Vehicle	9.10.82
3.	Noto Maru	Alireza	General	9.10.82
4.	Golden Yenbo	El Hawi	Drink Gen.	06.10.82
5.	Union Bahama	O.C.E.	Steel Gen.	05.10.82
6.	Ibn Zhur	Kanoo	Contri/General	30.9.82
7.	Sea Architect	Alireza	Gen/Canned Drink	06.10.82
8.	Pandora	Algoaib	Barley	6.10.82
9.	Carlos Borges	Atzer	Contri/General	7.10.82
10.	Al Barat	S.A.M.A.	General	2.10.82
11.	Kota Murni	O.C.E.	General	3.10.82
12.	Regina 'S'	Shobokshi	Steel	06.10.82
13.	Madina Topaz	Ocean Trade	Tmb/Tiles	06.10.82
14.	Patricia 'S'	El Hawi	Gen/Steel/Contri	7.10.82
15.	Kota Dewa	O.C.E.	Containers	8.10.82
16.	Carolina	Shobokshi	Durra	10.9.82
17.	Safina-S-Rehmat	S.C.S.A.	Bulk Cement	2.10.82
18.	Ionian Carrier	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	4.10.82
19.	Grend	Alisbeh	Reefer	13.9.82
20.	Belgian Reefer	O.C.E.	Corn/Gen/Steel	21.9.82
21.	El Commodore	Algezirah	Gen/Steel/M.Powder	3.10.82
22.	Lina Fisser	Khoo	Rice/Flour/Oil	1.10.82
23.	Santa Cruz	Alasada	Barley/General	20.9.82
24.	Trono	Atzer	Meat/General	30.9.82
25.	Jesenice	Star	Durra	9.9.82
26.	Bora Universal	O.C.E.	Chicken/Apples	29.9.82
27.	African Reefer	O.C.E.	Bananas	3.10.82
28.	Wade Everett			

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT DAMMAM
SHIPE MOVEMENT UPTO 0700 HOURS ON
23.12.1402/10.10.1982 CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING :

3.	Orient Pine	SEA	Bagged Sugar	3.10.82
4.	Ocean Lily	UEP	Steel Products	3.10.82
5.	Grace Adelaide	Gulf	General	6.10.82
6.	Yuchun	Ori	Loading Urns	5.10.82
7.	Asia Success	UEP	Steel	3.10.82
8.	Kopania	UEP	Bagged Barley	1.10.82
9.	Jastzebie	SMC	General	3.10.82
10.	Asia Iho	Barber	Bagged Rice	4.10.82
11.	Palm Trader	UEP	Gen/Cont.	4.10.82
12.	Singapore Island	Alireza	General	1.10.82
13.	Iran Okhuvat	Kanoo	General/Coani	3.10.82
14.	Halle	AET	Containers	3.10.82
15.	Andreamerario	Barber	Containers	3.10.82
16.	Tricolar	Saita	Wheat F.Bags	26.9.82
17.	Kara Unicorn	SMC	General	30.9.82
18.	Asia No. 15	Shobokshi	Gen/Steel	1.10.82
19.	Florida			

Jobless set at 9.5%

Bonn sees GNP growth at 1%

BONN, Oct. 11 (R) — West Germany's real gross national product will probably grow by one percent in 1983 after contracting by one percent this year, a special report by the government's council of economic advisers said.

But the council, known as the 'five wise men', warned real GNP could fall by one percent next year if world economic developments prove worse than it assumes.

Its more optimistic forecasts, which assume world trade will grow by two percent in 1983, project average West German unemployment will rise to 2.25 million or 9.5 percent of the workforce in 1983 from 1.85 million or 7.5 percent in 1982.

Consumer prices are seen rising by 4 percent after 5 percent consumer spending falling by one percent in volume after a 1.5 percent 1982 drop, and the current account balance of payments showing a five billion marks surplus after being in equilibrium this year.

The council's one percent growth forecast is made up of an expected 0.5 percent fall in GNP in first half 1983 compared with first half 1982, followed by a 2.9 percent year-on-year rise in second half 1983. The previous left-liberal government's 1983 budget planning assumed 3 percent growth next year.

Freight rates stay depressed

LONDON, Oct. 11 (AP) — Freight rates remained depressed here last week despite rumors of new Soviet grain purchases that continued to fuel hopes of Soviet chartering activity. But fixtures were generally not confirmed.

Optimism was further dampened by forecasts that the Soviet grain harvest would not be as bad as first believed. Experts said that overall Soviet purchase could be as low as 35 million tons.

This could restrict Moscow's 1982/83 imports from the United States to a minimum of eight million tons permitted under the terms of the current grain agreement between the two countries.

But the market gained some slight encouragement before the weekend from the visit of French Farm Minister Edith Cresson to Moscow this week, during which particular attention was focused on wheat sales to the Soviet Union.

News of Chinese and Polish grain purchases gave some support to a flagging market, although the mid-week withdrawal of Indian inquiry was a blow to market sentiment. The Indian charterers had announced early in the week that they were seeking vessels to carry wheat from the U.S. Gulf and the U.S. North Pacific.

One shipbroker said that grain houses at least could look forward to a winter of "bar-gain basement" freight rates.

Business was rather quiet out of the U.S. Gulf, but rates held steady. On the U.S. Gulf/Europe route, a 50,000-tonner was paid \$7.25 ton for October delivery, unchanged

But the council's special report, commissioned by Economic Minister Otto Lambdorff, says the German economy has shown an unexpectedly sharp deterioration since early summer with a strong downturn in export business.

Turning to its gloomier forecasts: The council says these are to cover the possibility that the financial problems of several debtor countries worsen sharply, world trade stagnates, and exports remain weak.

In this case, real GNP could fall by one percent, and unemployment could jump to 2.5 million, it says. The council says its more favorable forecasts are more likely to prove correct, but adds its gloomier scenario is 'not particularly improbable.'

Most of the council members approved center-right government's plans for improving investment conditions, consolidating the budget, and cutting welfare benefits. But one member, Hans-Juergen Krupp, from the German Institute for Economic Research (DIW) of West Berlin, considers the plans could have a dangerous impact on demand.

Dissenting from his colleagues, Krupp says it is uncertain whether the proposed measures for helping the building industry and encouraging investment will be effective.

on last week.

And a 75,000-tonner for prompt delivery received the same rate, representing a rise of 50 cents over recent comparable business. A 50,000-ton cargo to Japan late in the week was fixed at \$15.25 ton — 52.5 cents up on last week. South Africa/Japan rates improved by up to one dollar.

After a fairly busy start to the week, sugar chartering faded out. A Queensland-Japan transaction was concluded at one dollar down on recent deals at \$12.50 ton for Oct. shipment.

A small upturn in demand was noted before the end of the weekend in unison with the grain sector, though fixtures were scarce. Rates were also depressed by India's announcement of a possible cut in iron ore exports from 25.88 million to 23.5 million tons in 1982/83 (April-March) due to the recession in the International Steel Industry.

BRIEFS

LONDON, (AP) — Improving retail trade resulting from recent trade shows could be starting to boost orders in the recession-tempered British textile industry, observers said here Monday. The organizers of the international carpet fair at Harrogate, Yorkshire, last month reported "surprisingly heavy orders" and "renewed optimism for an end to the recession." Buyers from 42 countries visited the fair, with the principal interest coming from the Netherlands, Belgium, Switzerland, Denmark and the United States.

KARACHI, (AP) — A 20-member delegation of leading Canadian businessmen headed by G.S. Lavallee, president of the Pakistan-Canada Trade and Economic Council, arrived here Monday for a 10-day official tour. During their stay that will take them to business centers in five cities, delegation members will meet Pakistani traders, businessmen, and government officials.

ZURICH, (R) — Major Swiss banks lowered their time deposit rates by a quarter to one-half percentage point, effective immediately, a bank spokesman said. The rate for three to five months maturities is cut to three percent from 3 1/4 percent, and for six to 12 months to 3 1/2 percent from four percent.

ATHENS, (AP) — Some 13,000 taxi-drivers in Athens and its suburbs began a 48-hour strike Monday in protest against the government's refusal of measures to make their lives easier, particularly laws to ease traffic jams and to give taxis more priority. The strike is making things very difficult for Athenians, particularly between 7 and 9.30 a.m., since private cars are then banned from Athens in order to combat smog.

KARACHI, (AP) — A 20-member delegation of leading Canadian businessmen headed by G.S. Lavallee, president of the Pakistan-Canada Trade and Economic Council, arrived here Monday for a 10-day official tour. During their stay that will take them to business centers in five cities, delegation members will meet Pakistani traders, businessmen, and government officials.

The above cash and transfer rates are supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange & Commerce, Gabel St., Tel. 6476196, Jeddah.

SELLING PRICE BUYING PRICE
Gold kg. 48,700 48,500
10 Tolas bar 5,700 5,650
Ounce 1,520 1,500
The above cash and transfer rates are supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange & Commerce, Gabel St., Tel. 6476196, Jeddah.

CHINA ROSE RESTAURANT
BUFFET LUNCH every Friday
مطعم زهرة الصين
Jeddah, Al-MAKARONA ST.
Tel: 6714133, 6714261, 6713605, 6713715

British bank move signals base rate fall

LONDON, Oct. 11 (AFP) — The Bank of England Monday dropped its intervention rate on the local money market by a quarter point in a strong signal to the banking sector that it would like to see base interest rates cut once again.

The intervention rate cut was seen as particularly significant since it is usually reduced by only an eighth or a quarter point at a time.

The government has made no secret of the fact that it wants to see interest rates come down as fast as possible in a bid to spur the recovery of business activity.

Banking sector observers said that the Bank of England owed the timing of its latest intervention rate cut to the new fall in United States interest rates and the continuing strength of sterling.

The banks dropped their base interest rates to 10 percent last week after repeated intervention rate cuts by the Bank of England.

The observers now expect them to respond to the central bank's signal within a few days by dropping the base rates below 10 percent for the first time in four years.

OPEC aides may not hold parley</

Rivals toss NFL ball to mediator

RYE, New York, Oct. 11 (AP) — The chief negotiators in the National Football League (NFL) players' strike met Sunday and agreed to seek a mediator who would be acceptable to both sides and try to resume formal bargaining to help settle the 20-day-old contract dispute.

Jack Donlan, executive director of the NFL Management Council, which represents the team owners, said after a three-hour session with Ed Garvey, his union counterpart, that the two sides had agreed to consult the head of the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service, about finding a mediator.

Negotiations broke off three days ago after the two sides couldn't agree even on peripheral issues, let alone the major union demand of a wage scale. "We didn't resolve any issues but we had a constructive discussion," said Garvey. "Both sides are making a conscious effort to get back to the table, but we can't set a date. There's a mutual desire to get on with negotiations."

Three weeks of the season have been wiped out by the strike so far. Sunday's meeting came at a point where there seemed to be little in common between the players and the professional team owners.

The players, on the one hand were still sticking publicly to their demand for a wage scale to replace the traditional individual negotiations between players and owners. There was talk among the owners of opening the camps later this month and inviting players back, or cancel the season if not enough responded.

Bruins clip Penguins' wings

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (AP) — Norm Leveille scored on a pass from Tom Fergus during a power play early in the third period Sunday night, lifting the Boston Bruins to a 4-3 National Hockey League (NHL) victory over the Pittsburgh Penguins. The teams were locked 3-3 at the start of the final period.

Elsewhere in the NHL, the Philadelphia Flyers scored two goals within a 61-second span of the second period and went on to record a 6-4 win over the Washington Capitals. The Capitals made up the two-goal difference early in the third period, before the Flyers struck. The Flyers had taken two-



Cecil Cooper ... slams the winner for Brewers

Wayne Levi walks away with Lajet Golf crown

ABILENE, Texas, Oct. 11 (AP) — Wayne Levi of the United States stormed home to a six-stroke victory in the Lajet Golf Classic here Sunday after a final 68 left him 17-under-par on 271.

The 29-year-old New Yorker, who lives in Florida, led the tournament from the start. He expanded his margin to seven strokes after only six holes and wasn't threatened in winning for the second time this season.

The victory worth \$63,000 from the total purse of \$350,000 boosted Levi's earnings for the season, and moved him into the select band of golf's top-10 money winners. He also became the eighth multiple winner of the season together with Craig Stadler, Tom Watson, Ray Floyd, Lanny Wadkins, Cal Peete, Bob Gilder and Jay Haas.

Meanwhile, twelve members of the Professional Golfers' Association tour will compete in the Invitational Pro-Am Tournament Monday at the Inn of the Mountain Gods course.

The pros who will compete in the one-day event include Charles Coody, Dave Eichberger, Australian Lou Graham, Mark Hayes, Dave Hill, Lon Hinkle, John Mahaffey, Bob Murphy, Tom Purtzer, Fuzzy Zoeller and Brad Bryant.

The tournament format calls for each pro to be paired with four amateurs in five-man teams in an 18-hole, best-ball tournament. Proceeds from the tournament will go to the New Mexico Junior Golf Association. The tournament will be played at the par 72 resort course that measures 6,819 yards.

ab news Sports

To take on Cardinals in World Series

Brewers turn tables on Angels

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (AP) — The Milwaukee Brewers capped baseball's greatest comeback, riding a two-run seventh-inning single by a struggling Cecil Cooper to a 4-3 victory over the California Angels in Game Five of the American League Championship series to win the pennant and earn a shot at the World Series.

The Brewers turned adversity into victory by winning the last three games of this best-of-five playoff. No other team had accomplished that feat in the 13 years of league Championship play. In fact, only one other team — the 1972 Detroit Tigers — had tied a series 2-2 after losing the first two.

Needing to win on the final day of the regular season in order to capture their first American League Division title, the Brew-

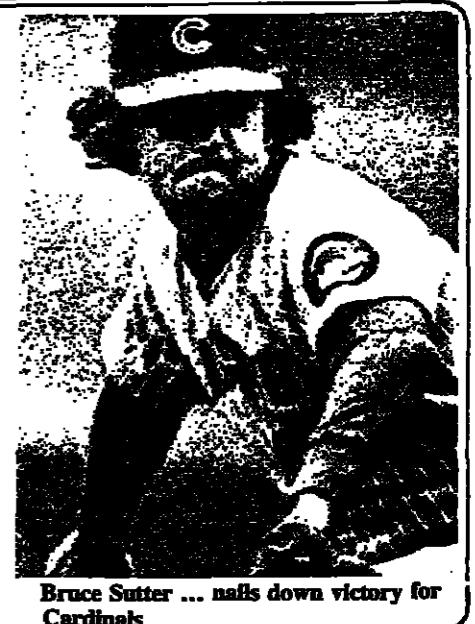
ers did. In the deciding game of the series, with his team trailing 3-2 in the seventh inning, Cooper came to bat with two out and the bases loaded after singles by Charlie Moore and Jim Gantner and a walk to Robin Young. He had only two hits in his previous 19 series at bats. With the count one and one and facing the California stopper, right-hander Luis Sanchez, Cooper slapped a single into left field that delivered the tying and go-ahead runs and capped the Brewers comeback.

In the National League, rookie McGee drilled a two-run triple and a home run as St. Louis charged into the 1982 World Series with a 6-2 victory over the Atlanta Braves in Atlanta.

The triumph, with the help of another

door-shutting relief job by Bruce Sutter, completed a three-game sweep of the National League Championship series for the Cardinals and put them in the World Series for the first time since 1968. It is the 13th NL pennant for St. Louis, which hosts the first two games of the World Series against the American League champion Milwaukee Brewers beginning Tuesday night.

Joaquin Andujar, the National League's pitcher of the month in September when he won five games and had a 0.80 earned run average, throttled the Braves on just two hits over the first six innings. He got tired in the seventh, surrendering both Braves runs on four hits before Sutter, who led the league with 36 saves, came on to nail down the victory and the pennant for the Cardinals.



Bruce Sutter ... nabs down victory for Cardinals

Greg Mackenzie makes fine debut in JKC race

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, Oct. 11 — The weekend's kart racing, under the aegis of the Jeddah Kart Club, produced some thrilling contests. But the talking point of the day was the exceptional showing of the new Bridgestone YAK tyres and an impressive debut by Greg Mackenzie.

The race saw a reduced field but the contest was keen as ever. Ray Ovenden — who had encountered tyre problems in the previous weeks of racing — turned out with Bridgestone tyres. And soon zoomed away in the heats with his tyres showing exceptional grip. Ovenden's tyres also enabled him to negotiate the hairpin with relative ease. The club is watching the race-life and the wear-rate of the new tyres closely.

Meanwhile, twelve members of the Professional Golfers' Association tour will compete in the Invitational Pro-Am Tournament Monday at the Inn of the Mountain Gods course.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 11 (Agencies) — Great Britain's Malcolm East ran a tactical race to win the grueling 26-mile (41 km) 385-yard third Annual Columbus Bank Marathon here Sunday.

East lay just within reach of the leaders for most of the way, and then made his way up front in the final stretch with smooth strides in the sweltering heat to breast the tape in a time of two hours 18 minutes and 49 seconds.

The time clocked by East was well below the record of 2:11:02 set by Sweden's Tommy Persson, the winner of the inaugural race and the top-seeded contender in Sunday's race. Persson, one of the favorite to win the race, was also amongst the leading bunch

for most of the way, in a race in which 4,000 runners had started. But East reached into his dwindling reservoir of energy to make the final burst from the pack to ramp home.

East's victory shattered Finnish runner, Jukka Toivola's hopes of breaking the 2:14:00 barrier. Toivola, who had run the New York Marathon last year in a time of 2:10:52, had said at the start of the race that he would like to run the race in 2:14:00. But the unexpectedly high temperature, and East's fine running put paid to his hopes.

The Finn had set his sights on a time of 2:14:00 in a hope of qualifying for the World Championships in Helsinki to be held next year. Toivola is also ranked as the No. 1 European marathon runner.

While Ovenden was eating up the track with a tired engine, the winner of the last weekend's Marserv-sponsored race, Geoff Smith, was struggling to keep pace with Ovenden. Smith's modified gearing widely copied since the race, failed to give him the boost to catch up with Ovenden.

Greg Mackenzie, first time out on his kart, displayed a penchant for speed. His fast, but erratic driving in the practice sessions proved detrimental to his progress. But after curbing his initial over-enthusiasm, Mackenzie finally produced a superlative driving performance in the final — combining both speed and skill.

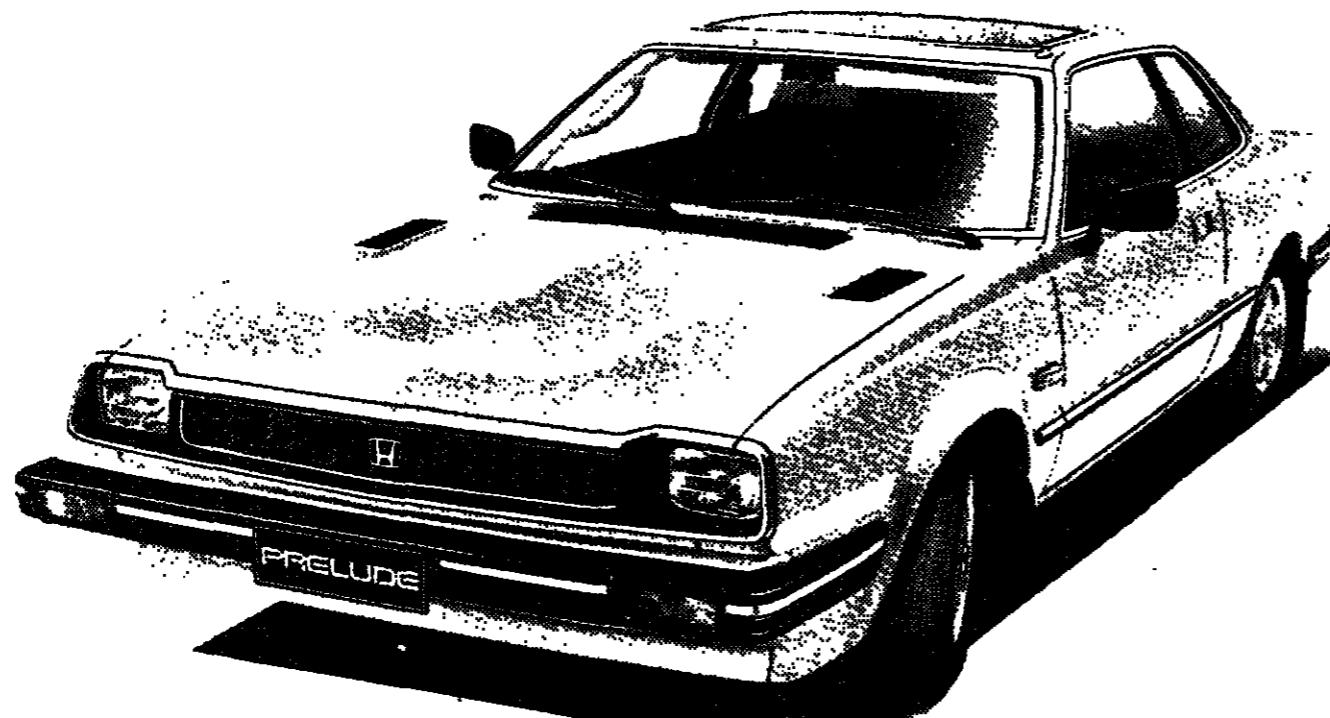
Ovenden, who had grabbed the pole position, failed to take his place in the final when his engine finally burnt out in the pre-race practice. Richard Lewis, who took the pole, shot off into the distance for the first few laps before easing off to conserve engine and tyres.

Simon Reid and Jim Thorpe reduced the distance between the leader, but Lewis opened up just when these two made a bid to close in. With Lewis sailing through to victory, Reid and Thorpe waged an exciting battle for the second and third place, with Reid emerging victorious.

The Jeddah Kart Club will hold another reduced grid meeting with Geoff Smith appointed Clerk of the course. The race is being held in order to give the club members, who were unable to take part in the weekend race, a last chance to practice on the new circuit before the first championship round.

Meanwhile, anyone interested in kart racing should contact Jim Thorpe, Jeddah Kart Club, P.O. Box 6271, Jeddah.

PRELUDE BY HONDA®



Front wheel drive, all independent suspension, power steering, and exclusive alloy wheels provide roadholding, handling and cornering power that is safe, fast and accurate.

Sleek coupe styling with power sun roof makes heads turn, and sets prelude owners apart from those drivers of boring family cars.

Prelude power comes from a transverse, alloy OHC engine driving via 5 speed manual or automatic gearbox — the choice is yours.

PRICE? There is no better time to buy a Prelude. Favourable exchange rates mean that Prelude prices are lower than ever before. Call us now and put some fun back into your driving.

ABDULLAH HASHIM ESTABLISHMENTS

JEDDAH : Mina Road, P.O. Box 44, Tel: 6472200, 6475222, 6470531, 6472305, Tlx: 401152, Jeddah.

RIYADH : Kharr Road, P.O. Box 314, Tel: 4482980, 4462468, Tlx: 201529, Riyadh.

DAMMAM : Industrial Estate, Alkhobar Rd., P.O. Box 307, Tel: 8324720, 8324730, Tlx: 601103, Dammam.

MAKKAH : Al-Hajoon Street, Tel: 5425603, Makkah.



JPY 150/500

Arab News Market Place

WANTED
TEFL TEACHERS
For Damman

TO TEACH EVENING CLASSES
Contact Mr. TERRY SOPIRO, Tel: 826-1334
(Before 12 noon or after 6 p.m.)
DAMMAM LANGUAGE INSTITUTE

HAJI ABDULLAH ALIREZA & CO. LTD., JEDDAH
AGENTS OF
Hapag-Lloyd AG

ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF
mv Neckar Express V-2419H

WITH CONTAINERS (UNDER EMEC SERVICE)
ON 12-10-1982 (E.T.D. 12-10-1982)
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT, 12TH FLOOR ALIREZA CENTRE
KING ABDUL AZIZ STREET, P.O. BOX 7158, JEDDAH (S.A.)
CABLE: ZAINALREZASHIP
TELEX: 401037 ZEREZA SJ, PHONE: 6422233 EXT. 313-360-298
NEDLLOYD AGENT: ALATAS AGENCIES, PHONE: 28333
CMB AGENTS: ALGOSAIBI AGENCIES, PHONE: 31481

HAJI ABDULLAH ALIREZA & CO. LTD., JEDDAH
AGENTS OF
NYK LINE

ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF
mv Southern Friendship V-01

WITH GENERAL CARGO
ON 12-10-82 (E.T.D. 15-10-82)

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT, 12TH FLOOR ALIREZA CENTRE
KING ABDUL AZIZ STREET, P.O. BOX 7158, JEDDAH (S.A.)
CABLE: ZAINALREZASHIP
TELEX: 401037 ZEREZA SJ, PHONE: 6422233 EXT. 313-360-298

HAJI ABDULLAH ALIREZA & CO. LTD., JEDDAH
AGENTS OF
NYK LINE

ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF

mv Toyota No. 23 V-51

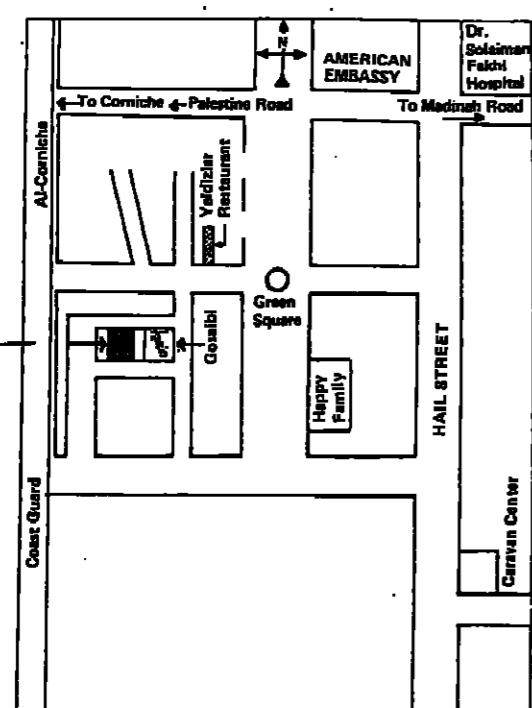
WITH CARS AND HEAVY VEHICLES
ON 12-10-1982 (E.T.D. 13-10-1982)

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT, 12TH FLOOR ALIREZA CENTRE
KING ABDUL AZIZ STREET, P.O. BOX 7158, JEDDAH (S.A.)
CABLE: ZAINALREZASHIP
TELEX: 401037 ZEREZA SJ, PHONE: 6422233 EXT. 313-360-298

ARABIAN MEDICAL AND PHARMACEUTICAL CO.

HAS MOVED ITS HEAD OFFICE
FROM KING ABDULAZIZ ST.,
BIN ZAGR BLDG TO
AL HAMRA AREA - WEST OF
YILDIZLAR RESTAURANT: AS
SHOWN IN THE MAP.

ARABIAN MEDICAL AND
PHARMACEUTICAL CO.



NEW TELEPHONE NO. 651-8580.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT
Tel. 6693423/6 JEDCONSTRUCTION COMPANY
REQUIRES

- CONSTRUCTION LABOURERS
- MASON
- PAINTERS
- TILERS

With transferable Iqama, for immediate employment.

Preferably Pilipinos

Please contact: Tel. 8942677

"Fouad Center", Apt. 203, King Abdul Aziz Blvd., Al Khobar.

HAJI ABDULLAH ALIREZA & CO. LTD., JEDDAH

AGENTS OF



ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVAL OF
mv Linden V-12

WITH CONTAINERS
ON 12-10-82 (E.T.D. 12-10-82)

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT, 12TH FLOOR ALIREZA CENTRE
KING ABDUL AZIZ STREET, P.O. BOX 7158, JEDDAH (S.A.)
CABLE: ZAINALREZASHIP
TELEX: 401037 ZEREZA SJ, PHONE: 6422233 EXT. 313-360-298



AGENT:
SAUDI FORWARDING & TRANSPORTATION CO. W.L.
MARINE DEPT. (SAUDI MARITIME COMPANY).

Have the pleasure to announce the arrival at Jeddah of:

VESSELS	VOYAGE	E. T. A.	E. T. D.
CARMEN	7	14-10-1982	15-10-1982

Consignees are kindly requested to
timely collect the delivery order
(against submission of Original Bill
of Lading or Bank Guarantee) upon
vessel's arrival.

For more information please contact us:
Tel: 6653555 - 6656049 - 6656249
Ext. 303, Telex: 400262 SFTC SJ.
P.O. Box: 1227. Cable: OLYANCO-
JEDDAH. Location: Medina Road,
KM-7, Olyan/GCC Building.

WALLENIUS LINES OFFER A BI-MONTHLY REGULAR
CAR/TRUCK CARRIER SERVICE FROM EUROPE TO
SAUDI ARABIA. FOR FULL DETAILS AND RATES,
PLEASE CONTACT OUR MARKETING OR SHIPPING
DEPARTMENT AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS.

BBS
Barber Blue Sea

WE ARE PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE THE ARRIVALS OF
VESSELS AS FOLLOWS:

VESSEL'S NAME	VOY.	E.T.A. DAMMAM	FROM
BARBER TOBA	3488	16-10-82	U. S. A.
BARBER NARA	3489	3-11-82	U. S. A.
BARBER PERSUES	3490	19-11-82	U. S. A.
BARBER TONSBERG	3491	4-12-82	U. S. A.

CONSIGNEES ARE REQUESTED TO COLLECT THEIR
DELIVERY ORDERS AGAINST SURRENDER OF
ORIGINAL BILLS OF LADING OR BANK GUARANTEE.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT
SHIPPING DEPARTMENT.

AGENTS:
**Barber Lines-Arabian Navigation
and Shipping Co. Ltd.**

P.O. Box: 283, Dammam, Saudi Arabia,
Tel: 8339975, Telex: 601012/601447 SJ.
Jeddah: Tel: 6519136/6519132/6519308. Telex: 401818.
Riyadh: Tel: 4773945/4774378. Telex: 200696.

RENT
A WAREHOUSE
IN RIYADH

Tel. 4641910 Telex: 200737

الكرمان
ALKARAWAN

Position Wanted

American Engineer with transferable Iqama. Civil degree, P.E.,
25 years design, construction of highways, airports, seaports;
7 years detailed layout & engineering petrochemical plants &
offsite facilities.

Available immediately.

Contact Tel: 03-341-5306 (Jubail) or write S.T. Wilson,
P.O. Box 139, Al Khobar.

Announces the arrival of the following vessels at Dammam

VESSEL NAME	VOY No.	E.T.A.	FROM
TARIFA	13	6-11-1982	EUROPE
TRI COLOR	73	27-11-1982	EUROPE

Consignees are requested to collect their delivery orders against
surrender of original Bills of Lading or Bank Guarantee.
For further information please contact shipping department.

Agent:

**Barber Lines-Arabian Navigation
and Shipping Co. Ltd.**

P.O. Box 283, Dammam, Saudi Arabia. Tel: 8339975. Telex: 601012/601447 SJ.
Jeddah: Tel: 6519136/6519132/6519308. Telex: 401818. Riyadh: Tel: 4773945/4774378. Telex: 200696.

Branch Managers Required

This is a unique opportunity to join the leading automotive
distributor in the Kingdom. These senior executive positions
are open to applicants who have a comprehensive knowledge of
Saudi Arabia and its environments. The successful applicants
will have been resident in the Kingdom for at least 3 years.
Special consideration will be given to candidates who have
senior management experience in the motor trade and speak
fluent Arabic/English.

Benefits include:

- Attractive Basic Salary
- Incentive Bonus
- Furnished Accommodation provided
- Free Medical Treatment
- 30 Days Paid Annual Leave
- Company Car provided

Priority will be given to Saudi Nationals, then to Arab
Executives with transferable Iqama.

Personal interviews will be held in Jeddah during October.

Please in the first instance write in confidence with full details
of your commercial experience to:

GENERAL MANAGER
RETAIL DIVISION

P.O. BOX 248, شركه عبد الله جميل المحدوده, JEDDAH. ABDUL LATIF JAMEEL COMPANY LTD

barberlines
(Arabian Navigation
& Shipping Co. Ltd.)

ANNOUNCES
THE ARRIVAL OF THE FOLLOWING VESSELS AT DAMMAM.

NAME	FROM	CARGO	ARR/ETA
COPPER TRADER	Europe	General	10-10-1982
SUGAR TRADER	Europe	General	14-10-1982
M. S. NADA	U. S. A.	Cars	15-10-1982
NORBULK	Europe	Cement	19-10-1982
PIONEER LEADER	U. S. A.	Cars	23-10-1982
CRESCO	Far East	Cement	26-10-1982
AL BARAT	Europe	General	27-10-1982
KANG DA	Europe	General	2-11-1982

VESSELS CALLING AT JUBAIL

ABU SALAMA	Europe	Cement	4-10-1982
PRABHU GOPAL	India	Load Sulphur	10-10-1982
MARITIME LEADER	Europe	Cement	15-10-1982
MARA LAKSHMI	India	Load Sulphur	16-10-1982



ScanCarriers



BETTE BAM

FOR BETTER OR FOR WORSE

BLONDE

B.C.

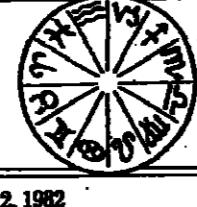
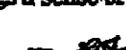
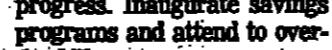
HAGAR

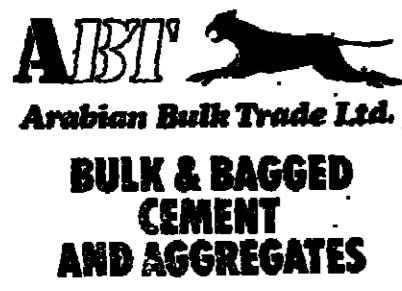
SMALL SOCIETY

WIZARD

SMITH'S TENNIS CLASS

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake
FOR TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1982**ARIES**
(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
A revised point of view in love could lead to reconciliation. A child is more mature in attitude. Leisure activities are fun.**TAURUS**
(Apr. 20 to May 20)
You may choose to take work home from the office or are asked to work overtime. A job well done brings a sense of fulfillment.**CANCER**
(June 21 to July 22)
A touch of inspiration marks your job performance today. You'll make major decisions regarding shopping and domestic matters.**LEO**
(July 23 to Aug. 22)
A touch of inspiration marks your job performance today. You'll make major decisions regarding shopping and domestic matters.**LIBRA**
(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)
Some decide to join an organization or club. Now's the time to catch up on social obligations. Be sure to visit an old friend.**SCORPIO**
(Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)
Polling strings from behind the scenes benefits you careerwise. Be willing to put in extra work to insure the success of a project.**PISCES**
(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)
You'll receive recognition on the job and make important progress. Inaugurate savings programs and attend to over-time bills.**AQUARIUS**
(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)
You and a loved one may decide to visit an old familiar haunt. Sharing duties cements bonds of affection.**SAGITTARIUS**
(Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)
Legal affairs work out to your benefit. Make appointments with advisers and representatives. Business trips are favored.**CAPRICORN**
(Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)
You'll be able to achieve some major career objectives. You get good news regarding investments and insurance.**ARIES**
(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)
You're determined to make full use of your talents and you put the finishing touches on a creative project. Romance is likely.**TAURUS**
(Apr. 20 to May 20)
A revised point of view in love could lead to reconciliation. A child is more mature in attitude. Leisure activities are fun.**CANCER**
(June 21 to July 22)
A touch of inspiration marks your job performance today. You'll make major decisions regarding shopping and domestic matters.



EASTERN PROVINCE: CENTRAL PROVINCE: WESTERN PROVINCE:
P.O.Box 2194, Al Khobar. P.O.Box 16996, Riyadh. P.O.Box 8776, Jeddah.
Tel: (03) 8944880/8646774. Tel: (01) 4786168/4789323. Tel: (02) 6519524/6519764.
Telex: 203106 BNEXRD SJ. Telex: 402393 BINEX SJ.



CLEANING & MAINTENANCE OF SWIMMING POOLS

Other services available:
• Complete Building maintenance
• Service Contracting
• Refrigerator & AC maintenance & repair
• Electrical & Plumbing installations & repairs



P.O. Box: 3750 Riyadh 11481, Saudi Arabia
Tel: (01) 454-1719 / 454-5312
Fax: 201171 ARIEB SJ Cable: ASSEEL

"Service is our expertise"

PAGE 16

International

Somali rebel groups unite to fight Barre

NAIROBI, Kenya, Oct. 11 (AP) — The two largest Somali rebel groups have joined forces in their fight against the pro-West regime of President Siad Barre, according to one of the factions, the Ethiopia-based Somali Democratic Salvation Front.

It was not the first time that merger moves have been announced involving the front and the London-based Somali National Movement and like previous ones, there was no immediate commitment by the London group.

The development was reported over the

Papandreu in Kuwait

KUWAIT, Oct. 11 (AP) — Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreu arrived Monday for a three-day official visit aimed at boosting cooperation with Kuwait and soliciting favored treatment for Greece in the Arab world.

The Greek premier was welcomed at Kuwait International Airport by Kuwait's Crown Prince and Prime Minister Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, and senior officials.

Papandreu is accompanied by a powerful 70-member government delegation which includes Foreign Affairs Minister Y. Haralambopoulos, Minister of National Economy G. Arsenis and Public Works Minister A. Tsochatzopoulos.

This is Papandreu's first visit to an Arab state since his Socialist Party won the general elections a year ago. Kuwaiti officials said they attach special importance to the visit as it comes after a series of pro-Arab attitudes taken by the Athens government which led, among other things, to a decision by Palestine Liberation Organization Chairman Yasser Arafat to make Greece his first destination after the PLO withdrawal from Beirut six weeks ago.

Greece was the first European country to grant the PLO full diplomatic status.

In an interview with the Kuwaiti newspaper *Al-Anba*, Papandreu said his country "strongly believed in friendship with the Arabs and was moving toward boosting cooperation with the Arab world in all spheres."

He said his talks in Kuwait will center on broadening mutual cooperation, particularly in the economic field.

weekend by Radio Kulmis (unity), a broadcast facility operated by the front in the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababa. It said leaders of the two groups met at an undisclosed location last Thursday.

The two sides, it said, agreed to set up a joint committee to coordinate military operations, cooperate in the running of Radio Kulmis — to be renamed Radio Halgan (struggle) — establish a body to oversee steps toward unification and another to deal with "social problems" arising between them. "Social problems" apparently refers to possible tribal friction.

The front is composed largely of Majeerteen tribesmen who held political sway before Siad Barre seized power in a 1969 military coup. The National Movement's strength arises from its links to the Issak, an industrious northern Somali tribe which consider itself economically oppressed by the Mogadishu regime.

The move toward merger, if confirmed, would indicate that the front has realized it could not achieve Siad Barre's overthrow solely with Ethiopian support through a series of border incursions beginning June 30. The National Movement reportedly refused to attend London unity talks before the cross-border attacks began, Western diplomatic sources said.

Front guerrillas and Ethiopian regular troops currently occupy two small enclaves inside Somali territory around the villages of Galdogob and Balsambale. Despite claims of continued fighting made by both the rebels and the Somali regime, there have been few clashes, informed sources said.

The diplomatic observers say that the front, which has been most active in the insurgents' campaign, has received material support from both Libya and Ethiopia. There also have been reports that South Yemen has provided at least one army artillery unit.

The faction is led by chairman Col. Abdulla Yusuf, a Majeerteen tribesman who defected to the rebels after being implicated in a 1978 coup plot against Siad Barre. Earlier, it had been led by Mustafa Haji Nur, a former Somali-language announcer with the British Broadcasting Corp. world service.

It has espoused views favoring Libya, Ethiopia and the Soviet bloc, but some observers believe these statements reflect more the source of real or hoped for support than any ideological commitment.

As thousands cheer and cannon booms Out of the depths, emerges warship Mary Rose

PORTRSMOUTH, England, Oct. 11 (AP)

— Four and a half centuries after it sank in battle, Henry VIII's flagship, the *Mary Rose*, was hoisted out of the English Channel Monday in a multimillion pound restoration effort. But as the Tudor warship was lifted above the surface, a cable snapped, and one of its timbers was damaged.

In a driving rainstorm, the battleship came to the surface of the solent off this south coast seaport shortly after 9 a.m., to the cheers of divers, engineers and Prince Charles, patron of the *Mary Rose* Trust, who sipped tea and huddled with crewmen on the deck of a diving vessel.

"It's a boyhood dream come true," said Alexander McKee, the writer and amateur diver who pinpointed the site of the wreck when he discovered a breech-loading gun on the bottom in 1970. "People said it couldn't be found and that I was crackers."

But several hours after she broke the surface, a cable snapped and the metal frame in which the *Mary Rose* was swaddled, dropped about three feet. One 10-foot timber was

damaged, but the trust's archaeological director, Margaret Rule, said the ship remained in excellent condition. "She is safe," Rule said. "Nothing was crushed. Nothing was distorted."

Further dangers loomed on the horizon in the form of strong tides, lowering clouds and a gale sweeping down the channel.

Since the *Mary Rose* Trust was formed in 1979, some 17,000 artifacts have been brought to the surface and the site of the wreck was painstakingly surveyed in preparation for Monday's lifting operation, originally scheduled to begin Saturday.

For three days, Britain waited on ten-

berhooks as technical problems forced delays. On Sunday, a support leg in the crane buckled. It had to be cut away before the ship could be raised Monday. Rule, who supervised the divers, admitted to mixed emotions as she watched the hull come up.

Sipping tea and wiping away tears, she said: "She was ours when she went down. But now she belongs to everyone."

The ship was being placed on a barge for transportation into Portsmouth Harbor, where it will be moored until a dry-docking operation Friday at a site adjacent to *HMS Victory*, flagship of Lord Nelson, Britain's greatest naval hero. Once restoration work on the *Mary Rose* hull is complete, it will join its relics in a special maritime museum.

The warship, a 91-gun carrack named after Henry VIII's sister Mary Tudor, went down July 1545 during a battle between a French armada attempting to seize Portsmouth and British defenders outnumbered 2-to-1.

It remains unclear whether the *Mary Rose* was hit by cannon fire or capsized because of overcrowding. But accounts of the day say Henry looked on in horror from Portsmouth's battlements as his precious ship slipped beneath the waves and 660 of its 700 crewmen perished.

Generations later, patriotism was rife Monday among some 2,000 persons who watched from the shore as the ship raised. "Who cares if we lost. This is history in reality," said 30-year-old Linda Underly from Windsor.

The recovery of the warship climaxes the most ambitious underwater archaeological excavation ever made. Divers recovered artifacts ranging from cannons and long bows to combs and medieval medical equipment.

The wreckage of the 108-foot (32-meter) long ship, which has been preserved by the deep layer of mud on the solent seabed, has been called a time capsule of life in Tudor times.

Prince Charles, who helped the *Mary Rose* Trust raise cash for the 4-million-pound (\$6.84 million) recovery operation, watched the lifting in a mackintosh and navy cap. On Sunday, he went diving to inspect the wreck — his 10th dive at the site since 1975.

The magnificient... AND THE BIGGEST: The magnificient Tudor warship, the *Mary Rose*, (left), was hoisted out of the English Channel four and a half centuries after it sank in battle in one of the world's most ambitious and successful underwater archaeological excavations. At right is the world's biggest crane which lifted the *Mary Rose*. The crane is so large that it has accommodation for 90 men on its decks and has its own helicopter pad.

Bolivia to renew links with Cuba

LA PAZ, Oct. 11 (AP) — Bolivia was expected to renew diplomatic relations with Cuba and Nicaragua Monday, only hours after the inauguration of an elected civilian president Sunday after 18 years of almost uninterrupted military rule.

Bolivia returned Sunday to the democratic system of its partners in the Andean group — Colombia, Ecuador, Venezuela — and drew away from the army-dominated regimes to the south of Latin America — Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay. Bolivians danced in the streets to celebrate the occasion.

The new moderate leftist president, Hernan Siles Zuazo, 59, pledged to restore all human rights. Violations of those rights in the last two years included murders, disappearances of political opponents, torture and exiles.

"We must pull our country out of its economic, social and moral abyss," the president declared. The president said he wanted "manual laborers, intellectuals and the armed forces" to aid him in forming "the most open democracy possible."

The preceding military dictatorships have left the country in economic ruins, embroiled in cocaine traffic with which members of the previous governments openly enriched themselves while many Bolivians went hungry. The Bolivian Army now seems determined to confine itself to non-political missions as urged by Gen. Guido Vildoso Calderon, who relinquished the presidency to Siles Zuazo.

Bolivians hope the return of democracy will win them the aid of countries that turned away from its narcotics-soiled military regimes. President Siles Zuazo named a 15-man civilian cabinet including two Communists.

Relations with the European Community and Communist countries will be upgraded, including those with the Soviet Union, which has been offering for several years to help Bolivia manage its tin mines and petroleum reserves. The new foreign minister, Mario Velarde Dorado, announced he will seek closer relations with all countries, regardless of their ideologies.

He said Bolivia will take part in any attempt at Latin-American integration, and respect the principles of political pluralism and non-intervention. He said Bolivia's lack of an outlet to the sea was a problem that needed solving for the sake of peace and security of all Latin American countries.

Greek and American officials declined to comment on the discussions, but two afternoon newspapers said the agenda included the possible purchase by Greece of F-16 or F-18 planes made by General Dynamics of the United States. The government is also considering buying France's Mirage 2000 and the Tomcat fighter developed by Britain.

He rejected recent Communist Party statements that the government was being unnecessarily secretive about its defense plans and about visits here in the last few months by senior U.S. officials.

American aide meets Papandreu

ATHENS, Oct. 11 (R) — U.S. Defense Undersecretary Frank Carlucci had talks Monday with Prime Minister Andreas Papandreu and defense officials of the Greek government, which is due to start negotiating the future of American bases here.

Greek and American officials declined to comment on the discussions, but two afternoon newspapers said the agenda included the possible purchase by Greece of F-16 or F-18 planes made by General Dynamics of the United States. The government is also considering buying France's Mirage 2000 and the Tomcat fighter developed by Britain.

He rejected recent Communist Party statements that the government was being unnecessarily secretive about its defense plans and about visits here in the last few months by senior U.S. officials.

James all right, but not the award

LONDON, Oct. 11 (AP) — When Lt. Cmdr. Peter John James said he had done nothing to deserve an award for heroism during the Falklands War, he was right.

The British Empire Medal he got

should have gone to his friend, Lt. Cmdr.

Peter Wilson James, the Defense Ministry

said over the weekend. They both serve at the South Wales reserves unit, *HMS Cambria*, and their names appear next to each other in the unit register.

During the Falklands campaign, Peter

Wilson James was part of the unit that

helped fit four trailers for minesweeping

service in the South Atlantic. The other

James was at home running his insulation

business.

Gunman gives up in U.S.

RALEIGH, North Carolina, Oct. 11 (AP)

— A Colombian gunman who held an Amtrak sleeping car for three days handed a 3 1/2-year-old girl out a window Monday, then threw down a machine gun and surrendered, leaving behind the bodies of a woman and her infant son.

The woman had been dead since Friday and the baby probably died early Monday, police said. An FBI agent convinced the gunman to give up the little girl and a man the gunman had described as his godfather spoke to the hostage-taker hours later through a bullhorn and talked him into giving up, officials said.

For days, the wiry gunman had crouched naked or nearly naked in the car while he alternately negotiated with police, shouted in Spanish or fired shots. But early Monday he washed, dressed in new blue jeans and a

maroon satin shirt, threw the .45-caliber fully automatic machine gun out the car's window and walked out the back door.

The gunman had identified himself as Mario Rodriguez, but police Monday identified the 29-year-old man as Evangelista Navas Villalobos of Bucaramanga, Colombia.

Authorities did not say how the woman or the 9-month-old baby had died.

The stand-off began Friday morning when shots rang out in the compartment of the train, the Amtrak Silver Star, en route from Miami to New York. Authorities evacuated passengers from the train as it entered the Raleigh station and isolated the car containing the gunman and two surrounding cars.

The woman was tentatively identified as the gunman's sister, Isabel Ramirez, and the dead infant as her son, John.

The terrorists then got out of the other car, with a package and tried to attach an object to the wall of the building. Police said it was probably a bomb, but they fled with it when

they saw it did not open the gate.

The terrorists then got out of the other car,

with a package and tried to attach an object to

the wall of the building. Police said it was

probably a bomb, but they fled with it when

they saw it did not open the gate.

In another development, Italian authorities have arrested and charged four

Italian Mafiosi in the murder of Palermo

police prefect Carlo Alberto Dalla Chiesa,

his wife, son and bodyguard last month, a

judicial source said in Palermo, Sicily.

Monday.

James all right, but not the award

LONDON, Oct. 11 (AP) — When Lt.

Cmdr. Peter John James said he had done

nothing to deserve an award for heroism

during the Falklands War, he was right.

The British Empire Medal he got

should have gone to his friend, Lt. Cmdr.

Peter Wilson James, the Defense Ministry

said over the weekend. They both serve at the South Wales reserves unit, *HMS Cambria*, and their names appear next to each other in the unit register.

During the Falklands campaign, Peter

Wilson James was part of the unit that

helped fit four trailers for minesweeping

service in the South Atlantic. The other

James was at home running his insulation

business.

Showrooms: RIYADH 404322 479019

JEDDAH 417637 AL KHOSAR 419625

<p